

1. The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the research and the objectives of the study.

2. The second part of the paper describes the methodology used in the study.

3. The third part of the paper presents the results of the study.

4. The fourth part of the paper discusses the implications of the findings.

5. The fifth part of the paper concludes the study.

6. The sixth part of the paper discusses the limitations of the study.

7. The seventh part of the paper discusses the future research.

8. The eighth part of the paper discusses the conclusion.

9. The ninth part of the paper discusses the references.

10. The tenth part of the paper discusses the appendix.

11. The eleventh part of the paper discusses the bibliography.

12. The twelfth part of the paper discusses the abstract.

13. The thirteenth part of the paper discusses the introduction.

14. The fourteenth part of the paper discusses the literature review.

15. The fifteenth part of the paper discusses the methodology.

16. The sixteenth part of the paper discusses the results.

17. The seventeenth part of the paper discusses the discussion.

18. The eighteenth part of the paper discusses the conclusion.

19. The nineteenth part of the paper discusses the references.

20. The twentieth part of the paper discusses the appendix.

21. The twenty-first part of the paper discusses the bibliography.

22. The twenty-second part of the paper discusses the abstract.

23. The twenty-third part of the paper discusses the introduction.

24. The twenty-fourth part of the paper discusses the literature review.

25. The twenty-fifth part of the paper discusses the methodology.

26. The twenty-sixth part of the paper discusses the results.

27. The twenty-seventh part of the paper discusses the discussion.

28. The twenty-eighth part of the paper discusses the conclusion.

29. The twenty-ninth part of the paper discusses the references.

30. The thirtieth part of the paper discusses the appendix.

31. The thirty-first part of the paper discusses the bibliography.

32. The thirty-second part of the paper discusses the abstract.

33. The thirty-third part of the paper discusses the introduction.

34. The thirty-fourth part of the paper discusses the literature review.

The tables below show the number of students on the Plan and the number of students in the traditional program who took the examination and either passed or failed it. The most striking finding from the data is that there was a statistically significant difference between the scores of the Plan students who took the examination and the non-Plan students who did likewise. The Plan student group averaged 84.04 in their scores (this includes scores both of those who passed and who did not pass, assuming that those who did not pass received the highest possible failing score, i.e., 65--the Board would not make failing scores available to us in any manner); while the non-Plan students figured on a similar basis received average passing scores of 78.37.

In the State, of those who took the examination, 88% passed (average score not given). At WPI, 92.5% of the Plan students who took the examination passed it and their average passing score was 84.8; for the non-Plan students, only 85.7% passed the exam and their average passing score was 80.6.

In brief, no matter how one examines the data, it is readily apparent that, on this particular index of engineering competency, there is no way that one can say that the Plan students did not surpass the non-Plan students to some extent. Although this index is only one indication of actual engineering competency, and many other factors must be taken into account, many professionals in the field regard the EIT test scores as significant and "hard" data which indicates the value of a person as an engineer. This EIT result then, points to the value of the Plan in terms of increasing measured competency--as viewed by the accrediting agency--as one of its results.

A further examination of EIT test scores for WPI students in previous years (see Appendix F for this information) indicates that over the past three years, WPI has been generally improving itself in terms of these particular scores. Since the examinations vary from year to year and the passing levels and

DISTRIBUTION OF LIT EXAMINATION SCORES

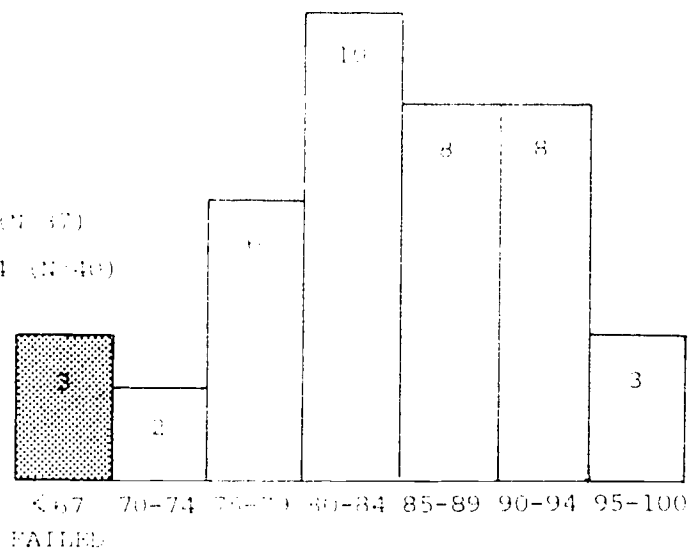
April 1995 Examination

ALL PLAN STUDENTS

$N = 40$ $N = 40$

PLAN $\bar{X} = 84.8$ ($N = 37$)

NON-PLAN $\bar{X}_{(11)} = 83.34$ ($N = 40$)



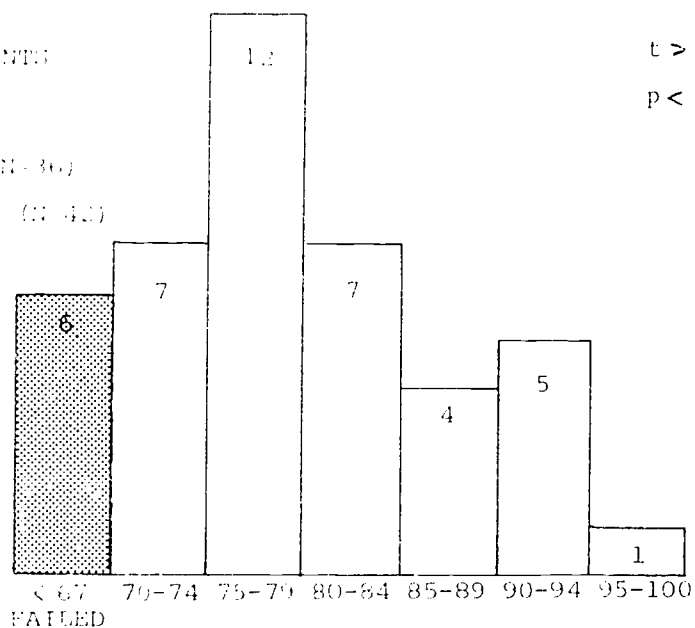
PLAN/NON-PLAN COMPARISON

ALL NON-PLAN STUDENTS

$N = 40$ $N = 79$

PLAN $\bar{X} = 80.66$ ($N = 36$)

NON-PLAN $\bar{X}_{(11)} = 78.37$ ($N = 43$)



$t > 9.0$

$p < .001$

have been a falling away, and the numbers of students taking the examination at the end of 1975, when it was offered, were tremendously, probably not too much should be said, higher than in 1974. It does, however, indicate in still another fashion a positive impact which the Plan appears to have been making on the engineering competency of its students.

2.1.1.1. EVALUATION OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE IN INDUSTRIAL PLACEMENTS--PROJECTS¹

The SPI Plan, with its heavy project, experiential component has provided for both Plan and non-Plan students in industrial placements during the last three years. It was felt that an indication of the caliber of students might emerge if these industrial sponsors were questioned. A questionnaire (Appendix B) was developed aimed at determining the hireability of these students and the competencies they displayed or failed to display in their placements for Plan students. The students' responses will be discussed under student self-assessment of competency. As far as potential employers were concerned, their estimations were extremely positive.

Employers were questioned about their students at the end of the 1974 academic year and twice again during the 1975 academic year. Results are based on a combination of these three waves of questionnaires and are from 167 different industrial sponsors. The questions involved the students' preparation, imagination, interaction with the industrial staff, accomplishments on the project as viewed by the sponsor, and how they ranked as potential employees. The table below indicates the results.

Clearly the WPI Plan students were seen as competent in on-the-job situations. The fact that 93% were rated as hireable is a tribute to the students and their "good" (4%) or "outstanding" (39%) preparation. Their additional (unstructured) comments were uniformly positive (see Appendix E for full list) and focused most often on the skills which students possessed to do the job at hand.

¹Non-Plan students did not necessarily or usually participate in projects. The data presented here are for Plan students alone.

Table 5. Project Sponsor Evaluation Questionnaire Results

	<u>Outstanding</u>	<u>Good</u>	<u>Average</u>	<u>Fair</u>	<u>Poor</u>	<u>No Opinion</u>	<u>N</u>
Preparation	39%	45%	13%	2%	1%	--	167
Imagination	33%	49%	11%	3%	--	4%	167
Interaction	35%	43%	13%	4%	1%	4%	162
Aims Achieved	28%	60%	6%	4%	2%	--	163
Hireability:	Under any business conditions					48%	
	If business conditions were good					45%	
	- Only if no other candidates available					6%	
	Not under any circumstances					1%	

5. STUDENT SELF ASSESSMENT OF COMPETENCY

Students were asked in questionnaires and in interviews about their competence in a variety of ways. In several interviews they were asked what they felt "others" would think of them when they had graduated. At WPI, more than half of those interviewed said they felt others would think they were competent in their fields. The rest had no specific answer to the question. In Questionnaire A, students were asked about their satisfaction with their own level of competence in their major field.

In terms of satisfaction with their own competence, students at WPI generally felt slightly satisfied--as did students at the other schools--averaging 3.4 on a scale where 1 = strong agreement or satisfaction and 7 = strong disagreement or dissatisfaction. There were no significant differences on this particular item (Questionnaire A, item #15) among schools, between Plan and non-Plan students, or between students of different years at WPI.

Students were also asked to describe themselves in terms of forced adjective pair choices, e.g., "good-bad," "purposeful-aimless," etc. Student self-concept as evidenced by the semantic differential choices similarly revealed few and small differences when various types of comparisons and statistical analyses

percentage. The only difference in percent of 12 in the grade where a statistically significant difference in scores of Plan and non-Plan students at WPI emerged involved the statement, "I am a good engineer." Although all students felt they were a good engineer, Plan students at WPI felt more strongly than non-Plan students at WPI or students at the comparison schools (Appendix C, Questionnaire C). The "I am a good engineer" statement and others were also developed from the data and here, a comparison of the standardized instruments used in this study, statistically significant differences did not emerge, even, there were no statistically significant differences between individuals' concepts in terms of the power, explanation, and confidence scale among schools or within classes or groups (Plan and non-Plan) at WPI.

It is generally the case with the instruments that were criterion-referenced, that is, developed in terms of the specific goals of this program rather than norm-referenced, such as standardized tests, that larger numbers of statistically significant differences emerged. Such findings are hardly surprising, given the nature of the two approaches. They indicate, rather, that gross comparisons developed for multiple and general purposes may not reveal the subtle changes which a program may cause.

Supporting this observation are the results of students' self-reports on their competency in specific project situations at WPI. Students at WPI felt, in their project self-evaluations, that their competency was nearly as high as their sponsors had reported (see table 6 below).

Through these self-reports, students generally felt they were good or outstanding in areas most closely related to on-the-job engineering competency. They also (see Appendix E) reported a high degree of personal learning from the experience. Further, in their evaluation of projects themselves, WPI Plan students differed from students in comparison schools. These findings will be reported and discussed in the section, "Attitudes and Educational Goals."

Table 6. Student Performance Evaluation Questionnaire Results (continued)

	Rating (N = 70, percentages reported)			
	<u>Outstanding</u>	<u>Good</u>	<u>Fair</u>	<u>Poor</u>
Preparation	10	48	35	7
Performance	19	65	16	--
Adaptability	25	63	12	--
Personal Learning	12	57	10	17
Ability to use equipment	23	65	12	--

STUDENT PERFORMANCE IN SCHOOL--GRADES

Even though WPI went to a Distinction/Acceptable/No Record system, it is possible to compare the performance of students under the WPI Plan with the school's previous history of grades earned in the following manner. If Distinctions were equated with A's, and if Acceptables are equated with B's and C's, we can examine the figures or percentages for the school, finding that the percentage has not changed; in fact, Plan students seem to be doing better.

Table 7. Grade Distributions

	<u>Dist/A (%)</u>	<u>Pass/BC (%)</u>
1974-75	25/31 ¹	49/43%
1973-74	26/28%	52/52%
1972-73	19/26%	57/61%

It should be noted, however, that there has been no direct attempt to equate these grades and, in fact, direct comparisons per se have been discouraged. For purposes of this study, however, the relative percentage distributions are of interest.

¹ In 1974-75 the non-Plan grades were predominately those of seniors who traditionally receive a higher proportion of "A" grades than students in lower classes. This is reflected in the 31% of "A" grades given to that group.

SUMMARY--COMPETENCY

In terms of measurable competency it seems that the WPI Plan is continuing to attract as competent a group of recruits as in previous years and that those in the program perform exceedingly well in job-oriented projects both as rated by project industrial sponsors and by the students themselves. Furthermore, the quality of their academic work under the Plan is equivalent or slightly better overall than under the institution of this new system, as are their EIT scores, an external index of competency in engineering.

B. Students' Self Concepts

Expecting a new program to change students' self concepts in some global manner during the brief years in which the Plan has been in operation is a major expectation indeed.¹ Since self concept is such a broad notion in and of itself, and measuring it would usually involve an intensive clinical case study type of approach to a selected sample of individuals, we neither expected nor hoped to find many significant results in this area. We did, however, in our attempt to evaluate as broadly as possible the potential effects of the Plan, look at self concept in three different ways. First, we used a version of Osgood's Semantic Differential to measure students' notions of self, ideal self, and others about them, which was administered in the form of a questionnaire to a random selection of a third of each of the three school's student bodies. This data was then

¹Dr. Jane Ieevinger of Washington University is conducting a longitudinal study of the ego-development of WPI Plan students which is quite thorough with respect to this single variable, i.e., self concept.

analyzed in terms of self concept of all students at WPI, of differences between Plan and non-Plan students at WPI, of differences between Plan and non-Plan students in the class of '75 at WPI (the class that was 50% Plan and 50% non-Plan); WPI students were then compared with students at CCT and SIT in terms of these scores. The second method which was used to measure self concept was more indirect--we found indications of changes in self image in our repeated sets of structured interviews at WPI. The results of the responses to those standardized interviews were compared with the responses to the same standardized questions administered to students at CCT in small group interviews. Comparisons with SIT on the interview dimension were not possible longitudinally since SIT entered as a comparison school only in the final year of the study and, indeed, would be inappropriate for the student groups interviewed often contained graduate students.

The final source of information we had concerning student self concept again emerged from an open-ended question which appeared in Questionnaire A (administered to a third of the student body at each of the three schools involved in the study)--the question was: "What do you feel are the most successful accomplishments of the program at your school." As with the interview format, we again found differences in the area of self concept in the responses of WPI students and students at CCT.

The remainder of this section deals with the few significant findings which emerged and discusses their directions. All of the interview and test synopses and results are available in the Appendix for the reader to examine in depth.

1. OSGOOD'S SEMANTIC DIFFERENTIAL

The Semantic Differential--which was used to measure images of "self," "ideal self," and "others"--was developed and included the three general factors

the three dimensions of *stable*, *broad*, *flexible*, and *wise*. The specific differences between the two groups were not statistically significant in the ANOVA. However, the one-way ANOVA for WPI by year and by Princeton-Plan for the comparison of the two groups is consistent with the particular instrument, the Princeton-Plan, used at WPI which the school is one of the three major dimensions of the instrument. However, there was a statistically significant difference only in the *stable* dimension. In general, findings at the WPI internal comparisons and comparisons with the other schools are complex. It appears from the data that the first two student groups, themselves, are slightly more complex than senior, and the junior, senior students are themselves as slightly more complex than the first two student groups. These are the only differences significant at the .05 level in *stability*, since it included only one adjective comparison out of the set of eight adjectives. It is clear, in fact, as well as to any real difference.

In comparison with the other schools, we found large, significant differences in all three schools were involved but far fewer when WPI and CCT were compared. It was inappropriate to use SIT for comparison purposes on this dimension since the data base was in so many ways different from the data bases at WPI and CCT with respect to age, maturity and position. When one removes the graduate student from the SIT pool and attempts to compare WPI, CCT and SIT undergraduates, the SIT number becomes quite small. Therefore, comparing WPI with CCT alone, we find that in only four of the sixteen dimensions were there statistically significant differences. In brief, we find that WPI students feel that they are slightly more stable, more broad, more flexible, and less wise than their counterpart at CCT view themselves. Although the differences between the student population responding to this set of items were not large, they were statistically significant and indicate that if one were to examine more closely, with better instruments, and the time and money to use a clinical approach, one

the respondents' responses to the other item from the self-differences model (i.e., "What do you think you will be like when you graduate?") program.

Further exploration of the area of self concept came from the interview questions. A sample model interview guideline appears in Appendix D. When we first interviewed a few specific questions which were asked, i.e., "How do you feel and how free you're going to change this year?" (1979), or "By coming here, will you graduate different than if you had gone to another engineering school?" (1979), or "What have you gained most from your experience here?" (1979) and (1979), and "When you finish here, and do you think other people will think you're well trained?" (1979 and 1979), we find that WPI students generally feel that they will have become more self-confident, more independent, more responsible, more self-reliant and that people on the outside will think of them as experienced, well educated, competent, able to interact with other people, able to deal with other problem, etc. CCT students similarly feel that they will be esteemed and that they will have gained a solid background, a good education, will be competent and will have confidence in themselves and in dealing with other people when they leave. In terms of the area of self concept, data gathered in the manner done here--through small group interview with different area of students at each setting--cannot readily be used as an ideal resource for information. The indications, however, are that students at both schools where the information was gathered in a systematic fashion over a period of time felt that they would be competent and confident when they graduated and that the school in the program at the school would be helping them in these regards.

When we used a third form of probing for self concept information, i.e., an open-ended essay question administered through a questionnaire, we found some interesting differences between WPI students and CCT students. The question was, "What do you think are the most successful accomplishments of the program here?", and the responses were analyzed in terms of freshman and senior responses

participation in the Plan is "what is doing for them and what it means to them" on a more personal level than ever before. The students at least do not appear to be doing this in a self-conscious manner. The scheduling, of course, are to be expected in view of the fact that the hopes, goals, and expectations of the Plan-as well as its promotion and publicity--emphasize what the Plan will do for students along dimensions beyond that of a strict preparation for an engineering career.

SUMMARY--SELF-CONCEPT

At this point in time it is probably fair to say that in terms of self-concept, the WPI Plan is making students more confident and more aware of their capabilities, their responsibilities and their possibilities for growth in directions beyond that of a traditional engineering career. Although students in the control school individually and selectively mentioned these aspects of their educational program and the relationship of these components to their own development, those who did were far fewer and their responses were not predominant in this area. In a sentence, it would appear that the Plan, or the Plan's rhetoric, is penetrating through student consciousness to some extent and that students feel somewhat differently about themselves as documented partially by Semantic Differential results and other means of obtaining data, i.e. interviews and open-ended essay question responses than students in comparison programs.

the school is "not doing it right," it is not to be faulted. At GUF and SIT, the students are not asked to "do" anything and often are placed in groups to discuss the school's policies. At WH, the school is the other way around. The students are asked to do things, such as the previous and subsequent paragraphs have mentioned. In addition, other factors such as distance from home, cost of living, and school quality are other significant factors at WH in comparison to the other two schools. As far as the sample size, GUF and WH, respectively

APPENDIX 1: WH, GUF, AND SIT STUDENTS' IDEAS

As stated in chapter 4, statements with which students could agree or disagree were used to determine the differences among the three schools. Only those statements in which there was a statistically significant difference will be included here. (The Appendix contains the full set and mean responses to each item, as well as as well as F-values and probability levels.) Furthermore, interpretation, rather than statistical results will be made here in the interest of brevity and readability. More precisely, WH students in comparison to those at GUF and SIT:

1. feel less likely better about the directions in which the school is heading,
2. would not prefer that the school become more innovative (while GUF and SIT students would),
3. feel the faculty is less well suited to providing the education that the school advertises,
4. feel the students are less the kind who can benefit most from the academic program being offered,
5. feel the advising system is not a waste of time, or far less a waste of time than students at the other schools,
6. feel themselves overloaded with work, doing more than ever before, more than the GUF and SIT students, although the overload is "definitely not",

4. are convinced less are what this place (school) is all about, and
5. are finding harder less time working outside the school in the community than comparison school students, although none of the students at either were spending very much time working outside the school. (This "work" does not include project activity.)

The pattern of these variations is interesting and predictable. WPI, in introducing the Play, introduced a less stable state than CCT or SIT at the same point in time. Hence, findings 1, 2 and 3, i.e., that the faculty and students are both more active, related to the program and a greater lack of certainty about what the program is about. WPI students are also working harder, see less need for supervision at the school, and are spending more of their time working at the school, see also "Use of Time," section ED. Such attitudes reflect the reality of the transition and demands of the new program.

When asked about their program in a different fashion (adjective pairs in Appendix C), there were still more significant differences. Again the synopsis will note of these findings that are statistically significant. (Statistics and levels of significance for all items appear in Appendix C.)

1. WPI students, although finding their program purposeful, found it less purposeful than comparison school students,
2. WPI students, although finding their program strong, felt it less strong than do students at the comparison schools,
3. WPI students found their program more active than comparison school students,
4. WPI students found their program less stable or more changing than students at the comparison schools,
5. WPI students found their program more hopeful than students at the comparison schools,
6. WPI students found their program broad er than comparison school students,
7. WPI students found their program faster than comparison school students,
8. WPI students found their program less cautious than CCT and SIT students,

9. WPI students found their program far more flexible than CCT and SIT students, and
10. WPI students found their program more complex than comparison school students.

WPI student views of the faculty at the school (given the same grid of adjective choices) were not as clear cut.

Attitudes toward the student body (again on the same grid of adjectives) indicate that WPI students think other students at the school are less good, more changing, more broad, more fast, less cautious, just as wise, as students at CCT and SIT perceived their respective student bodies.

Perhaps not too much should be made of these student perceptions other than that they indicate to some extent a school in a state of flux and that the general direction of that change is active, hopeful, broader, faster, less cautious, more flexible, and more complex. The faculty and students are not precisely in tune with the envisioned and perceived program.

A further indication of student attitudes toward their school and its program can be gleaned from their essay responses to the question, "Pretend someone similar to yourself, but younger, asked your advice about coming to this school, what would you say? Why?" (Questionnaire B). This data has been analyzed thus far only for WPI students. A random sample of 50 responses of students was categorized and coded. Apart from six students who would recommend not coming because of the lack of girls and lack of a social life, the remainder were positive and/or gave the following kinds of advice:

- 6 Yes: very good school for learning: enjoyable courses, faculty, opportunities in abundance
- 4 suggest that they have a pretty good idea of what they want to go into; have a major in mind; person should be interested in learning, not just in getting a degree--need high motivation
- 2 don't be put off by "Braggarts"/"robot"/strange people here
- 2 must be prepared to emotional depression, high expenses; able to survive with little or no social life, work hard

- 1. don't let get off by seemingly impersonal faculty
- 2. "don't be put out by freshman classes--they are only the basics, the important material will come later"
- 3. one average person in a serious student
- 4. don't let other kids at school take advantage of all it has to offer
- 5. good place to learn about people work
- 6. don't want to come here
- 7. need better than average intelligence, be enthusiastic about projects
- 8. Plan has no problems but provides better than average education
- 9. would explain good/bad parts about WPI Plan, etc.
- 10. consider small school environment

It is interesting that the negative feelings about the school seem to center primarily on the lack of a social life rather than the newly introduced program. The emphasis on the amount of work and importance of self-direction in the range of comments also indicates that the motivational hopes of the Plan developers are perceived as realities by students in its implementation.

Attitudes towards the school as elicited through small group and individual interviews were much more detailed than those reported above and generally involved attitudes towards specific components of the Plan or the school, e.g., seven-week terms, grading systems, negotiated admissions, etc. It is more appropriate to report on and examine these findings in the second part of this report, Implementation, than in this section. For the interested reader, however, a complete set of categorized interview responses appears in the Appendix for each school and for each wave of interviewing.

3. EDUCATIONAL GOALS

Along with differences in attitudes toward the school as evidence in reasons for coming, and attitudes while there, there were some differences in educational goals found between WPI students and those at the comparison schools. Two major sets of questionnaire items relate to these goals: (1) post graduate goals--plans after finishing school and (2) a set of sixteen items relating to education and life-long goals (both in Questionnaire B). There were statistically significant differences among the schools on both types of items.

a. Post Graduate Goals

Eliminating SIF data, a large percentage of respondents were in M.S. programs, so find that 72.2% of WPI students anticipate going on to graduate school while only 27.8% of CCT students do. About half of each school expects to go directly to work. The remainder are undecided (13.3% for WPI and 16.0% for CCT) or are aiming for the military.

b. Educational and Life-long Goals

Once again eliminating SIF data from consideration, we find that in comparison with CCT, WPI students feel it is:

1. more important to develop the desire and capacity for life-long learning,
2. more important to become an interesting individual person to yourself and others,
3. more important to be of service to others, and
4. more important to change the world for the better.

Although on many educational and life-long goals students at all three schools agree, it is interesting that where there are differences, they once again reflect hopes or goals of the Plan, e.g., capacity for life-long learning and societal awareness and involvement.

SUMMARY--ATTITUDES AND EDUCATIONAL GOALS

WPI Plan students in selecting WPI seem to be more	1
influenced by the program at the school than students at com-	1
parison schools, although the program at all schools was an	1
important consideration for students prior to coming. Nearly	1
80% of students at all three schools were at their first	1
choice school. Another significant factor at WPI and CCT was	1

a visit to the school. WPI Plan students differed in degree about their attitudes toward the school. Specific areas are discussed above. The main conclusion to be drawn from a set of institutional comparisons about the school probably is that differences reflect the state of flux or transition to be expected along with introducing a new program--e.g., WPI is "bigger," "faster," "more changing," "less stable," "more liberal," etc. Finally, in terms of educational goals, more WPI students plan to further their education and consider life-long learning, being an individual, being of service to others, and improving the world as significantly more important goals than do students at comparison schools.

D. Composition of the School--Student Background and Ability Factors

In order to see if the characteristics of the student body at WPI changed over time, the American Council of Education Test was administered to all entering freshmen at WPI during Orientation Week of the past three years. This test was also administered at CCT and SIT in the same fashion and to the same entering freshman groups for the past two years. This information (see Appendix A) allowed us to look at changes at WPI in comparison with changes at the other schools in terms of many factors such as age, race, high school experience in terms of type of program and grades received, purpose for coming and educational goals, socioeconomic level (family occupations and income), financial resources and aid, anticipated major field of concentration, probable career or occupation and reasons for that choice, type of residence

planned at the school, political orientation, objectives considered essential or important in life, attitudes toward government and politics, marital status, etc. In addition, two schools involved (WPI and CCT) inserted ten questions of their own devising which also related to the areas mentioned above.

The easiest way to characterize WPI, CCT, and SIT in terms of these findings is to say that WPI and CCT were virtually twins in the patterns of response to the entire set of questions (with a few exceptions to be explored below). WPI and SIT were also related but more like first cousins, i.e. WPI and SIT students differed more on several dimensions such as racial background (10% fewer Caucasians at SIT), highest degree planned at the school or anywhere (somewhat lower for SIT), family income (somewhat lower for SIT), family educational attainment (somewhat lower at SIT), etc. The differences, although visible (i.e. greater than 10% between schools), were not, in fact, tremendously large except in a few instances which relate to reasons for choosing the school--something reported previously from another data source. Additionally, all three schools were more similar to each other than to the national norms for the test which are also reported in the Appendix.

The focus here will be on WPI entering student profiles for September 1973 and September 1974 and for CCT student profiles taken at the same points in time. At WPI alone, there is a greater spread in the previous high school grades students achieved in 1974 than 1973, although the spread is slight. Nonetheless, although group averages are the same, the curve is flattening slightly with more A and more C students than in previous years. The students at CCT were already more evenly distributed

on this dimension than those at WPI at both times. It seems, therefore, that WPI is attracting a less homogeneous student body on this dimension. Furthermore, a slightly higher proportion of WPI students currently entering plan to obtain degrees beyond the B.S. than in previous years, i.e. 3% of 1973 entrants and 30% of 1974 entrants plan to go beyond a M.A. or M.S. to a Ph.D., Ed.D., etc. At CCT, 3% (1973) and 19% (1974) plan to go beyond the master's level for such degrees. The trend toward expectations for higher degrees is evident in both schools but slightly stronger at WPI.

Another dimension on which there were changes at WPI and differences with CCT involves reasons which were important in selecting the school. The strongest reason at both schools (83% each) was the strong academic reputation of the school, but at WPI 59% in 1974 and 63% in 1975 came for the "special educational program" in comparison with 23% and 17% for CCT in those years, respectively. Another interesting difference between the statistically similar student classes involves their reasons for long term career choices. In the class entering in 1974 the major differences involved the following options:

Importance in career choice of:	WPI	CCT
high anticipated earnings	39%	51%
working with ideas	66%	48%

Findings for the class entering in 1973 were similar but less pronounced. It would appear, here, that WPI entering students increasingly value more interesting work than a necessarily high paying job, although both considerations are important at both schools.

The final important difference involved the ^{var}sources of financial aid students at the schools in the study are receiving. Seventy-seven per cent of CCT students receive financial support from the state while only

16% to 30% at WPI. More WPI than OCT students receive support from a National Student Direct Loan Program, but the percentages are far smaller, i.e. 35% WPI and 9% OCT. Through a variety of resources and self-help, students at all schools are managing to pay the high tuitions. The test did not include a question on scholarship aid from the schools themselves.

As noted previously, student aptitude scores at WPI were slightly but not significantly lower than those of students at the comparison schools. Student achievement in terms of high school grades does not differ between groups, but WPI appears to be becoming more heterogeneous in this respect, while OCT has been all along.

SUMMARY--COMPOSITION OF THE SCHOOL

1	-----	1
1	WPI seems to be attracting the same type of	1
1		1
1	student in terms of dimensions such as sex, race, socio-	1
1		1
1	economic level, religious preference, family income, etc.	1
1		1
1	as it has in previous years. This type of student,	1
1		1
1	furthermore, is remarkably similar to the "typical"	1
1		1
1	entrant at the comparison schools. Differences appear	1
1		1
1	to be emerging in their ability as measured by high	1
1		1
1	school grades: WPI is attracting a more heterogeneous	1
1		1
1	group and their future educational and career expect-	1
1		1
1	tations are higher. WPI students report being increasingly	1
1		1
1	concerned with obtaining master's degrees and going beyond,	1
1		1
1	and they are looking for careers that involve working with	1
1		1
1	ideas, which is currently more important to them than a	1
1		1
1	career with high anticipated earnings.	1
1	-----	1

E. The Learning Environment--Perceptions of the School Environment--Use of Time

Although not dwelling on implementation mechanics in this report, it is of interest to see if WPI has created a learning environment which is different in some ways from that of a traditional comparison school. This could be reflected in student responses to an environment inventory and also in the students' use of their time. An adaptation of the Wahlberg Anderson Classroom Environment Inventory (which dealt with Physics classes and was normed on general (elementary Physics freshmen) was made. The adaptation involved six individual word changes (from "class" to "school") on 103 items. This inventory clusters into 16 scales (see Appendix, Questionnaire C for complete inventory and scale results). Use of time information was obtained through a series of questions in Questionnaire B. (See Appendix.)

1. THE GENERAL ENVIRONMENT

Of the 16 clusters or scales in the environment inventory, nine indicated significant differences among all three schools and six between WPI and CCT. Given the differing nature of the SIT student body, even at the undergraduate level, significant findings based on WPI/CCT findings will be presented briefly. In comparison with CCT students, WPI students felt that their school environment was (or they were):

- less cohesive
- less diverse
- less formal
- had more speed (faster pace)
- were more affected by their environment

and

- were less competitive.

These findings, again, reflect in large part a situation of change: e.g. less cohesion. The lack of diversity is possibly due to the fact that

more options in courses and major field selections are offered at CCT. The informality is possibly a function of greater faculty contact (see below), and the faster pace undoubtedly reflects the seven-week semester, which students often reported as rushed in their interviews. Perceptions of being influenced by the environment may indicate in some way that WPI students are more conscious of the Plan, what it involves, its goals and expectations. This certainly dovetails with the greater thoughtfulness about what was happening to them that students reported in previous sections. Finally, the slightly lessened competition may be an indication that despite the pace and workload, the Distinction/Acceptable/No Record system or the entire Plan approach have removed or lessened the factor of competing with others to some slight degree. The differences, although statistically significant, are slight among all schools.

2. USE OF TIME

In Questionnaire B, students were asked to indicate the number of hours during an average week they spent in a variety of activities. Although in many respects differences were not found, in comparison with CCT WPI students seem to be spending their time less in lectures or classes (13 hours vs. 17 hours at CCT) but more with advisors (2 hours vs. 1 hour at CCT), more in IPI courses (22 hours vs. 19 hours at CCT), and more doing projects and experiments (7 hours vs. 4 hours at CCT). WPI students also spend more time earning money (6 hours vs. 4 hours at CCT). In terms of recreation, studying with others, sports and hobbies, sleeping, and taking exams, there were no significant differences between or among schools. From this information it would appear that WPI students overall are spending more time interacting with their educational environment than are students in a more traditional program, although the faculty contact hours may appear to be less.

SUMMARY--THE LEARNING ENVIRONMENT--PERCEPTIONS OF THE SCHOOL--USE OF TIME

1		1
1	The learning environment at WPI is perceived by	1
1		1
1	students there as less cohesive, diverse, or formal than	1
1		1
1	by students in a comparison program. It was also faster,	1
1		1
1	less competitive, and appears to have more influence on them	1
1		1
1	as well. Furthermore, students are spending more time in	1
1		1
1	activities related to their overall learning, although less	1
1		1
1	of this time is through a direct contact/lecture format	1
1		1
1	than at comparison schools and more in self-governed	1
1		1
1	activities.	1
1		1

V. CONCLUSIONS

The purpose of this evaluation was to provide developmental feedback to the implementers and participants in the WPI Plan while simultaneously documenting the process of change and outcomes it produced. Implementation features are explored in depth in a companion report. The report here focuses specifically on five broad areas (1) competence, (2) self concepts, (3) attitudes and educational goals, (4) background and ability factors, and (5) perceptions of the school environment and use of time. The findings are reported briefly, summarized globally, and attempt to relate to one key question: Is the WPI Plan an improvement or a mistake, a "success" or a "failure" from the student point of view? (The Appendices contain most of the information on which this summary report is based.)

Since the Plan's inception five years ago and the beginning of this evaluation three years ago, it seems fair to say that the program is beginning to succeed in terms of its original expectations or goals. Its students are equally if not more competent than previous WPI students. The environment created in a general sense, although rushed, is perceived as influential. Students at WPI spend more time on learning activities than those in comparison institutions and the time spent in experiments and project work is greater than the amount of time spent in class. The WPI Plan is a feature that attracts students to the school more prominently than do the programs at comparison engineering schools. The program also attracts a more heterogeneous group than the traditional WPI.

Entering WPI students have higher educational goals in general and value things such as the ability to work with ideas, the development of a capacity for lifelong learning, being an interesting individual, being of

service to others, and changing the world for the better more strongly than students at comparison engineering schools.

It seems appropriate here to mention two important considerations:

(1) The full effects of this program cannot be ascertained at this point in time. (Indeed, longitudinal follow-up of Plan and non-Plan graduates is only now possible, and more or less striking differences could emerge once the Plan type of preparation is put to the test of the "real" world.)

(2) In depth coverage of specific aspects of this experimental program was not possible given limited resources and the broad mandate to measure any and all effects possible.

Hopefully the information contained in this report will be useful to some and helpful to those concerned both with the Plan specifically as well as with the implications of the successes and difficulties of this program for other schools.

LIST OF APPENDICES

- A. American Council on Education Data
- B. Restructuring Undergraduate Education at Worcester Polytechnic Institute
- C. Student Questionnaire Findings
- D. Student Interview Categorized Results
- E. Project Evaluation Questionnaire Findings
- F. Engineer-In-Training Test Scores

Note: The appendix contains only the first-run frequencies or results from each instrument. In the body of the report, at times, findings are included which are based on the myriad further analyses of sub-populations--e.g. WPI Plan vs. WPI non-Plan or WPI vs. CCT alone. Thus, some of the data reported in the appendix may appear not to match findings in the report.

APPENDIX A

AMERICAN COUNCIL ON EDUCATION DATA

WPI, CCT, SIT

NATIONAL NORMS

1. 1973

2. 1974

Control School I = Clarkson College of Technology

Control School II = Stevens Institute of Technology

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of Responses

Percentage

Mean

Standard Deviation

Minimum

Maximum

Probable Career Obstacles to Career Choice

social skills
group that we're
social or welfare
technology
other reasons
unemployed
unemployed

Probable Major Field of Study

architecture (incl. interior)
arts (fine and performing)
biological sciences
business
education
English
engineering
health professions
history and geography
home economics
humanities (other)
mathematics and statistics
physics and chemistry
physical sciences (other)
psychology
social sciences (other)
social work
technical fields
other fields
undecided

Reasons Very Important for Long-Term Career Choice

job openings available
rapid advancement
high anticipated earnings
respected occupation
independence
chance for steady progress
contribution to society
avoid pressure
work with ideas
be helpful to others
work with people

Support From Family		Support From Parent's Military Service Benefit	
None	314	314	314
none	11.1	11.1	11.1
\$1 - \$499	12.1	12.1	12.1
\$500 - \$999	13.1	13.1	13.1
\$1,000 - \$1,999	14.1	14.1	14.1
\$2,000 - \$4,000	15.1	15.1	15.1
over \$4,000	16.1	16.1	16.1
Support From Parent's Military Service Benefit	326	326	326
none	91.0	91.0	91.0
\$1 - \$499	2.0	2.0	2.0
\$500 - \$999	0.0	0.0	0.0
\$1,000 - \$1,999	0.0	0.0	0.0
\$2,000 - \$4,000	1.0	1.0	1.0
over \$4,000	0.0	0.0	0.0

1. The following areas, college information was least adequate in terms of results:
 athletics--intercol.
 athletics--intramural
 counseling
 health services
 dev. reading course

athletics--intercol.	11.6	11.6	12.0	11.6
athletics--intramural	12.8	12.8	13.0	12.8
counseling	4.9	4.9	5.1	4.9
health services	27.9	27.9	28.1	27.9
dev. reading course	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3

In the following areas, college information was least adequate in terms of results: athletics--intercol. athletics--intramural counseling health services dev. reading course	11.6 12.8 4.9 27.9 4.3	11.6 12.8 4.9 27.9 4.3	12.0 13.0 5.1 28.1 4.3	11.6 12.8 4.9 27.9 4.3
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[illegible]

Occupation	1940	1950	1960	1970	1980	1990	2000	2010	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100	2110	2120	2130	2140	2150	2160	2170	2180	2190	2200	2210	2220	2230	2240	2250	2260	2270	2280	2290	2300	2310	2320	2330	2340	2350	2360	2370	2380	2390	2400	2410	2420	2430	2440	2450	2460	2470	2480	2490	2500	2510	2520	2530	2540	2550	2560	2570	2580	2590	2600	2610	2620	2630	2640	2650	2660	2670	2680	2690	2700	2710	2720	2730	2740	2750	2760	2770	2780	2790	2800	2810	2820	2830	2840	2850	2860	2870	2880	2890	2900	2910	2920	2930	2940	2950	2960	2970	2980	2990	3000	3010	3020	3030	3040	3050	3060	3070	3080	3090	3100	3110	3120	3130	3140	3150	3160	3170	3180	3190	3200	3210	3220	3230	3240	3250	3260	3270	3280	3290	3300	3310	3320	3330	3340	3350	3360	3370	3380	3390	3400	3410	3420	3430	3440	3450	3460	3470	3480	3490	3500	3510	3520	3530	3540	3550	3560	3570	3580	3590	3600	3610	3620	3630	3640	3650	3660	3670	3680	3690	3700	3710	3720	3730	3740	3750	3760	3770	3780	3790	3800	3810	3820	3830	3840	3850	3860	3870	3880	3890	3900	3910	3920	3930	3940	3950	3960	3970	3980	3990	4000
total income last year	439	442	445	448	451	454	457	460	463	466	469	472	475	478	481	484	487	490	493	496	499	502	505	508	511	514	517	520	523	526	529	532	535	538	541	544	547	550	553	556	559	562	565	568	571	574	577	580	583	586	589	592	595	598	601	604	607	610	613	616	619	622	625	628	631	634	637	640	643	646	649	652	655	658	661	664	667	670	673	676	679	682	685	688	691	694	697	700	703	706	709	712	715	718	721	724	727	730	733	736	739	742	745	748	751	754	757	760	763	766	769	772	775	778	781	784	787	790	793	796	799	802	805	808	811	814	817	820	823	826	829	832	835	838	841	844	847	850	853	856	859	862	865	868	871	874	877	880	883	886	889	892	895	898	901	904	907	910	913	916	919	922	925	928	931	934	937	940	943	946	949	952	955	958	961	964	967	970	973	976	979	982	985	988	991	994	997	1000																			
independent of parents	439	442	445	448	451	454	457	460	463	466	469	472	475	478	481	484	487	490	493	496	499	502	505	508	511	514	517	520	523	526	529	532	535	538	541	544	547	550	553	556	559	562	565	568	571	574	577	580	583	586	589	592	595	598	601	604	607	610	613	616	619	622	625	628	631	634	637	640	643	646	649	652	655	658	661	664	667	670	673	676	679	682	685	688	691	694	697	700	703	706	709	712	715	718	721	724	727	730	733	736	739	742	745	748	751	754	757	760	763	766	769	772	775	778	781	784	787	790	793	796	799	802	805	808	811	814	817	820	823	826	829	832	835	838	841	844	847	850	853	856	859	862	865	868	871	874	877	880	883	886	889	892	895	898	901	904	907	910	913	916	919	922	925	928	931	934	937	940	943	946	949	952	955	958	961	964	967	970	973	976	979	982	985	988	991	994	997	1000																			
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10

21

438

Probable Career Occupation

Artist (incl performer)

businessman

clergy or rel. worker

educator (col. teacher)

doctor (M.D. or D.D.S.)

educator (secondary)

educator (elementary)

(continued on next page)

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346	2347	2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2368	2369	2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2377	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400	2401	2402	2403	2404	2405	2406	2407	2408	2409	2410	2411	2412	2413	2414	2415	2416	2417	2418	2419	2420	2421	2422	2423	2424	2425	2426	2427	2428	2429	2430	2431	2432	2433	2434	2435	2436	2437	2438	2439	2440	2441	2442	2443	2444	2445	2446	2447	2448	2449	2450	2451	2452	2453	2454	2455	2456	2457	2458	2459	2460	2461	2462	2463	2464	2465	2466	2467	2468	2469	2470	2471	2472	2473	2474	2475	2476	2477	2478	2479	2480	2481	2482	2483	2484	2485	2486	2487	2488	2489	2490	2491	2492	2493	2494	2495	2496	2497	2498	2499	2500	2501	2502	2503	2504	2505	2506	2507	2508	2509	2510	2511	2512	2513	2514	2515	2516	2517	2518	2519	2520	2521	2522	2523	2524	2525	2526	2527	2528	2529	2530	2531	2532	2533	2534	2535	2536	2537	2538	2539	2540	2541	2542	2543	2544	2545	2546	2547	2548	2549	2550	2551	2552	2553	2554	2555	2556	2557	2558	2559	2560	2561	2562	2563	2564	2565	2566	2567	2568	2569	2570	2571	2572	2573	2574	2575	2576	2577	2578	2579	2580	2581	2582	2583	2584	2585	2586	2587	2588	2589	2590	2591	2592	2593	2594	2595	2596	2597	2598	2599	2600	2601	2602	2603	2604	2605	2606	2607	2608	2609	2610	2611	2612	2613	2614	2615	2616	2617	2618	2619	2620	2621	2622	2623	2624	2625	2626	2627	2628	2629	2630	2631	2632	2633	2634	2635	2636	2637	2638	2639	2640	2641	2642	2643	2644	2645	2646	2647	2648	2649	2650	2651	2652	2653	2654	2655	2656	2657	2658	2659	2660	2661	2662	2663	2664	2665	2666	2667	2668	2669	2670	2671	2672	2673	2674	2675	2676	2677	2678	2679	2680	2681	2682	2683	2684	2685	2686	2687	2688	2689	2690	2691	2692	2693	2694	2695	2696	2697	2698	2699	2700	2701	2702	2703	2704	2705	2706	2707	2708	2709	2710	2711	2712	2713	2714	2715	2716	2717	2718	2719	2720	2721	2722	2723	2724	2725	2726	2727	2728	2729	2730	2731	2732	2733	2734	2735	2736	2737	2738	2739	2740	2741	2742	2743	2744	2745	2746	2747	2748	2749	2750	2751	2752	2753	2754	2755	2756	2757	2758	2759	2760	2761	2762	2763	2764	2765	2766	2767	2768	2769	2770	2771	2772	2773	2774	2775	2776	2777	2778	2779	2780	2781	2782	2783	2784	2785	2786	2787	2788	2789	2790	2791	2792	2793	2794	2795	2796	2797	2798	2799	2800	2801	2802	2803	2804	2805	2806	2807	2808	2809	2810	2811	2812	2813	2814	2815	2816	2817	2818	2819	2820	2821	2822	2823	2824	2825	2826	2827	2828	2829	2830	2831	2832	2833	2834	2835	2836	2837	2838	2839	2840	2841	2842	2843	2844	2845	2846	2847	2848	2849	2850	2851	2852	2853	2854	2855	2856	2857	2858	2859	2860	2861	2862	2863	2864	2865	2866	2867	2868	2869	2870	2871	2872	2873	2874	2875	2876	2877	2878	2879	2880	2881	2882	2883	2884	2885	2886	2887	2888	2889	2890	2891	2892	2893	2894	2895	2896	2897	2898	2899	2900	2901	2902	2903	2904	2905	2906	2907	2908	2909	2910	2911	2912	2913	2914	2915	2916	2917	2918	2919	2920	2921	2922	2923	2924	2925	2926	2927	2928	2929	2930	2931	2932	2933	2934	2935	2936	2937	2938	2939	2940	2941	2942	2943	2944	2945	2946	2947	2948	2949	2950	2951	2952	2953	2954	2955	2956	2957	2958	2959	2960	2961	2962	2963	2964	2965	2966	2967	2968	2969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APPENDIX B

RESTRUCTURING UNDERGRADUATE EDUCATION

AT

WORCESTER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE

A Report to the Twenty-eighth Meeting
of the
Advisory Committee for Science Education
National Science Foundation
Washington, D.C.

March 6, 1975

by

William R. Grogan
Dean of Undergraduate Studies
Project Director

64

Worcester Polytechnic Institute has undertaken a complete and systematic revision of its traditional approach to undergraduate science engineering education. The resulting educational program, known as the WPI Plan, is the product of two years of intensive planning and five years of implementation effort involving every member of the campus community. The program now involves 85% of the 2,000-member undergraduate student body of whom over 95% are science or engineering majors. Next year (1975-76) 93% of the students will pursue their programs in accordance with the new WPI Plan requirements, and thereafter all students will be in the new program.

The National Science Foundation, through its 1972 CoSIP award of \$733,000, played a major role in enabling WPI as an institution to implement the restructured programs. The WPI Plan and its implementation process are already the subject of considerable national attention. There is every prospect interest will increase as the reports on the first three-year phase of program evaluation become available later this year.

This presentation will describe the scope of change at WPI and some of the more important features of the new program covering those areas receiving major NSF support, namely, development of (a) the project system, (b) the advising system, and (c) competency examinations and an overall evaluation of the program.

Background

When Worcester Polytechnic Institute undertook the most drastic change in its 110-year old history could be the subject of a book itself--there was no crisis, not even administrative pressure. There was, however, in the faculty a gnawing dissatisfaction with the demotivating rigidity of the traditional curriculum; there was growing concern that science and engineering undergraduates were so constrained by the dictates of an impersonal lock-step system that their full development as thoughtful individuals was not being achieved. To those faculty who followed the careers of the graduates there appeared to be unreasonable discontinuity between the overall preparation of the students and the actual demands placed upon them as young professionals. No one ever questioned the need for a firm foundation in fundamentals, but beyond that a number of paradoxical situations appeared: a rigid academic program offered little opportunity for the student to assume responsibility for defining personal objectives; this responsibility became total immediately after graduation. Courses developed long, narrow corridors of knowledge; professional practice required integration of knowledge. The classroom experience was basically passive; professional practice required self-activation. In the academic setting, the student was usually an isolated learner; most of professional life involved personal interactions and shared experiences effectively communicated. A concern for the social implications of

1.1. Appendix A: Chronical summary of papers, publications and news stories published to date

scientific research in human development were also inconsistent. The president of the college had a conflict between the college's academic and professional standards and said that the objective of SPI was that the world of preparation and the world of practice be the same as the world of the student.

The SPI really began in 1968. In that year, the faculty evaluated every resource and program at the college and included an extensive evaluation of future needs for students in scientific and engineering careers. A planning committee of six faculty members held alternative plans for the college to follow. After considerable analysis, a statement of goals was adopted by the faculty and the trustees.

The plan statement provided the framework for the development of the curriculum and the degree requirements. The last step was the development of a curriculum and its structure which would prepare students to meet the degree requirements.

In 1969, the trustees voted to commit the entire college to a new approach to engineering and scientific education which promoted the concept of an individualized curriculum for each engineering student. The program placed heavy emphasis on problem-solving, learning and accomplishment. For the baccalaureate degree demonstration, the completion of through problem projects and competence examination is required. There are no specific course requirements, but three years of successful work is required before the competency examination is scheduled.

The degree requirement

The SPI plan is based on the goal of an academic degree as a demonstration of competence which is the new degree requirement which are:

1. A professional specialization with a grade in each major area of study (B or A equivalent).

2. A minimum of 120 credit hours (Institute Operational plan, 1970-71)

3. A minimum of 120 credit hours (Institute Operational plan, 1970-71)

The SPI plan is a curriculum plan which is the basis of the individual student's learning experience. It is important to students an understanding of a subject, a problem, a concept, a skill, a literature, a methodology, of themselves, and the world of the people around them. SPI students, from the beginning of their college careers should be encouraged to learn on their own, to learn to learn, to learn to learn, to learn to learn, and that the learning process is a continuous learning process. Knowledge, technology, and learning are the basis of the SPI education. SPI education should develop in students a strong sense of self, a strong sense of the community beyond themselves, and a strong sense of the world beyond themselves. SPI education should be a continuous learning process.

Page 11 of 15, Page 11, December 17, 1969

- (c) A qualitative project relating science and technology to societal concerns and human needs (A year equivalent).
- (d) A research project in the field of the humanities (A year equivalent).
- (e) A competency examination in the major field of study (A year equivalent).

Projects

Qualifying and Qualifying Projects (MQP)

The project approach to learning was selected as a major vehicle for achieving the student's goals. To meet this degree requirement, the student must complete two projects, one of which he must devote the equivalent of a quarter of a year's effort. One of the projects must deal with the student's major area of interest, while the other is intended to relate science and technology to societal concerns and human needs. The first of these is known as the major qualifying project (MQP) while the second has been designated the "interactive" qualifying project (IQP).

Traditionally, of course, not new to WPI or to engineering and scientific education, the project or, more fully, supervised independent study is well established. The challenge to WPI in implementing the MQP requirement is not one, therefore, of concept, but rather of scale and scope. After this year, when transition to the new will be virtually complete, WPI will be graduating classes numbering between four and five hundred students, each of whom will have completed the two qualifying projects. We have been able to test and adopt measures to minimize faculty load dilemmas that otherwise might have occurred as a steady-state condition, an approach in which twenty to twenty-five percent of all undergraduate activity is project-centered. Among these measures are consolidation of course offerings, changes in course format, increased use of technological aids, and active efforts to foster the formation of group projects rather than individual project efforts. An entirely new registration system was developed and is now operational.

The logistical problem involved in providing each of approximately 500 graduating seniors with two qualifying projects and, in addition to providing pre-qualifying project experience for undergraduates, are indeed formidable. Of course there are many research projects, especially in the sciences, but WPI has tried to provide students with as many opportunities as possible for off-campus MQP and IQP work. A special administrative unit for project operations has been established. A central on-campus project center was constructed to augment departmental facilities and provide a support base for interdisciplinary projects, and a wide variety of off-campus arrangements developed. Three types of off-campus project sites have been developed:

- (1) Research projects, to be¹ with intermittent activity where students are assigned to specific projects as the mutual need of the company and WPI arises;

¹Typically, 10-20 students.

²Types that do not involve visiting of the specific sites and centers.

2. Directorship projects¹ with sustained activity where one or more faculty advisors are working with students continuously on a variety of projects, normally over a period of years, and
 3. Project centers² (sometimes called internship centers), each of which has a formally appointed WPI director and an on-site counter-part from the company or institution involved.
- At these project centers WPI usually maintains a permanent office. A wide variety of multidisciplinary projects are coordinated by the director of the center but with specific projects under direct supervision of faculty advisors from the disciplines involved. Five centers are within commuting distance; one, in Washington, D.C., is a residential site. In all cases project activity is a direct extension of the academic program, the work performed under faculty advisors earns academic credit while pay is not acceptable. Direct expenses are usually paid by the sponsoring institution.

A fine example of a highly successful center is that at St. Vincent Hospital in Worcester, where over the last two-and-a-half years, 67 students have been involved in 17 different projects working with 11 WPI faculty advisors and 14 hospital advisors.

The following table summarizes the many types of multidisciplinary interactions at the St. Vincent Center:

<u>Participating Hospital Functions</u>	<u>Participating WPI Disciplines</u>
Cardiac Catheterization	Biomedical Engineering
Cardiology	Chemical Engineering
Dermatology	Electrical Engineering
Clinical Engineering	Computer Science
Hospital Facilities	Chemistry
Pathology	Life Sciences
Physics Research	Management Engineering
Radiology	Mechanical Engineering
Respiratory Diseases	Materials Science
General Surgery	Pharm
Research Research	

As interest and cooperation from the industrial community and governmental agencies at all levels has been outstanding, the project effort at WPI has grown from six registrations in the fall of 1972 to 55 for fall, with an expected 70 graduate registration of about 70 per term next year. In spite of this increase in activity, there appears to be no shortage of sound project opportunities and there is currently a growing list of potential industrial sponsors.

In summary, there appear to be four essential ingredients for successful and sustained project education:

1. An organized faculty effort and cooperative liaison personnel,

¹These include a number of home-based, off-site and centers.

- c. Carefully prepared and documented student proposals acceptable to advisor and liaison before work is initiated or resources committed (much learning takes place here),
- d. Requirement of periodic written progress reports with at least one formal oral preliminary report, and
- e. High final report standards, both written and oral, with sponsor evaluation an important factor in grading.

The "Interactive" Qualifying Project (IQP)

Courses in social science have often been required in science and engineering curricula. While valuable in themselves, there was no experiential component which brought into physical reality for the student the social, political, or humanistic dimensions of their technological world. Each graduate at WPI is now expected to qualify in a field project which is designed to develop a greater awareness of the relationship between science and engineering on one hand and social concern and human values on the other. This component of the WPI program is highly experimental but has proven to be one of the most fascinating.

The objectives of the IQP can be summarized as follows: (1) to create through experiential education an awareness of socially related technological interactions; (2) to enable the identification of socio-technological systems, subsystems, and their linkages; (3) to cultivate the habit of questioning social values and structures; (4) to develop and integrate the skills of evaluation and analysis; (5) to provide methods for assessing the impact of technology, and (6) to encourage the recommendations of policy.

The project center in Washington, for example, is primarily devoted to IQP work. The center accommodates 80 students. Following a preparation period on campus, each student resides in Washington for seven weeks, involved with project field work in governmental and private agencies; this precedes a report-writing phase back on campus. A summary of the sponsoring Washington agencies and the titles of projects undertaken with them is contained in Appendix C.

The Humanities Sufficiency

The "broadening" requirement of a traditional science or engineering program usually calls for the student to take some distributed coursework in the humanities. The WPI Plan proceeds on the underlying assumption that it is better to have a deeper understanding of the humanities in at least one area than to have a surface view of many. To that end, the WPI student must develop a specific humanities minor (sufficiency). He or she selects five thematically related humanities courses, and in a sixth activity must conduct an independent study developing a unifying theme for the selected courses. The thematic relationship clause does not constrain the student to courses of one type, e.g., history courses. Should they wish to concentrate on a particular period in history they may take, as well as history courses dealing with that period, courses in English which deal with the literature of that period. Alternatively, the

Students may prefer to read the equivalent of the course material entirely on their own, through independent study, in which case he or she would satisfy the degree requirement by successfully passing a proficiency examination. At the present time we concentrate on developing competencies (or minors) in history, philosophy, languages, literature, music, and drama. The humanities program has been strengthened considerably through assistance from the National Endowment for the Humanities, based on a proposal that was carefully developed to complement the focus of other disciplines.

The Competency Examination

Four-week exams, between the seven-week terms, are assigned exclusively for competency examination examinations. The students' competence in their major field is tested in terms of complex problems--something akin to what he or she would be expected to do as a bona-fide graduate in the chosen major. The student is assigned one or more problems and has access to reference materials, computer facilities, library, laboratories, and faculty. At the end of the assigned period the student reports back to the assigned examination committee with a written report. A final examination follows in which the method of attack, soundness of fundamental principles, and alternate approaches to the problem are discussed. The competency examination is designed to test for an understanding of methods, reasons, fundamental principles and theories, as well as application of current techniques in the field. Despite a great deal of effort, some of it supported by NSF, a determination is learned about this type of competency measurement and how it will work in the future in this area.

The Support Strategy

The program is of critical importance as each student works with his or her advisors in planning a personalized curriculum. Each student must have a firm schedule of classes for one year and a tentative one beyond that. Incremental progress is made at the ending of any of the seven-week terms. Each term a student usually enrolls in three courses at an equivalent level of project work, equivalent to a master's thesis. In addition, the selection of appropriate project advisors, the length of the project and, of course, the timing of the project are important. The organization of the large amount of information available in the computer system is needed very well--a completely new registration system has been developed to expedite the five terms per year, the selection of project advisors, the examination system (Distinction, Acceptable, No credit, and, of course, the withdrawal from project combination). An on-line computerized registration system has been developed which lists program offerings, and provides a means of allowing opportunities for regular advising, progress and need for current and projected student schedules, transcripts, and course status are routinely available on remote VT terminals at the campus and the home of the home of student advising.

Support of the instructional system is an extensive and rapidly developing activity. The program has a TV studio with recording facilities, closed circuit television for the home, a time-shared, remote access computer

2. A study of faculty and administrative changes, both attitudinal and organizationally, caused by the Plan and carried out by Harvard University consultants. The factors under consideration to the faculty/administration study are:
 - a. Professional satisfaction and growth,
 - b. Perceptions of quality of student learning,
 - c. Perceptions of rewards, effort and equity,
 - d. Intrinsic satisfaction,
 - e. Stress and overload,
 - f. Interference items,
 - g. Patterns of interaction.

With the assistance of grant extension from NSF awarded in May 1974, the study has been extended to include two comparison colleges. Both colleges have much in common with WPI, and have been most cooperative in providing a base for parallel studies.

- a. The effect of the Plan on students carried out by Dr. Cohen of the Education Development Center (EDC) in Cambridge, Massachusetts. This investigation also includes a comparison study of engineering students at other colleges which have not undergone the changes seen at WPI.

The evaluation of the students has centered on a study of the following factors:

- a. Scientific and engineering competence,
- b. Self-concepts,
- c. Attitudes and educational goals,
- d. Background and abilities,
- e. Characteristics of learners.

It is planned to continue the study of the students through their early professional lives, thereby completing what promises to be the most comprehensive study of the process and effects of change in a college of science and engineering available to the academic community to date.

The Advisory Panel has submitted an individual report following each visit. We expect a combined report will follow the Panel's sixth and final visit in April 1975. The final report on the faculty and student evaluations will be available by the fall.

The results have clearly show that the desired developments of self-confidence, of willingness to assume responsibility, and of greater increased social consciousness are taking place in WPI students.

The continuing success of a major component of the WPI Plan and the major source of support for the NSF grant, is proving to be an extremely effective educational process. The reports are responding to the requirement with enthusiasm. The evaluation is over 90% and, despite the mind-boggling amount of work, is continuing to develop on schedule.

Other project supporters have also assisted in the evaluation. Of approximately 100 project participants studied in January 1974, it was encouraging to note that the majority (66%) of the work achieved expectations, 26% exceeded expectations, while only 8% were in the combined categories of "fair" or

"expectations not achieved." Only 3% of the participating sponsors said they would prefer not to continue in the program while 43% wished to increase their commitment, the remainder being satisfied with the present level of activity. From the students' returns, it is interesting to note that 46% of the off-campus liaison personnel were rated as "outstanding" while 46% of the students also said that they would be happy to be associated with their sponsor when they graduated.

Questions received by Dr. Cohen's group from students and sponsors indicate that both groups feel a great deal of learning is taking place. In rating their own experimental expertise at the start and at the end of the projects, the 70 students replied as follows:

	Outstanding	Good	Fair	Poor
At start	5%	28%	49%	18%
At end	31%	63%	6%	0%

In rating personal learning, 67% of the students listed "outstanding" with 37% "good", 11% "fair", and 5% "poor".

In rating their own performance and achievement, the students listed themselves 70% "outstanding" and 6% "good" while sponsor ratings are running 26% "outstanding" and 67% "good."

The evaluation of effectiveness of WPI's Plan students when they become alumni will, of course, be the ultimate test of the effectiveness of the WPI Plan in achieving the educational goals it was designed to achieve.

APPENDIX C

STUDENT QUESTIONNAIRE FINDINGS

- 1. Questionnaire A
- 2. Questionnaire B
- 3. Questionnaire C

11. INSTRUCTIONS: Please indicate how important you feel each of the following choices is by placing an "X" on the appropriate line.

NOTE: Responses are indicated as means. The scale used was:
 1 = Not Very Important; 2 = Important; 3 = Very Important

	WPI	QCI	STI	Levels of Significance
WITH REGARD TO THE FOLLOWING EDUCATIONAL GOALS, HOW IMPORTANT DO YOU THINK IT IS FOR STUDENTS:				
10. To develop the skills necessary to earn a good living	2.5	2.7	2.5	NS
11. To learn to make friends and get along with people	2.7	2.8	2.6	0.05
12. To learn to think clearly and independently	2.9	2.8	2.8	NS
13. To gain an understanding of the main areas of knowledge	2.5	2.4	2.6	NS
14. To develop strengths of character and personality	2.6	2.6	2.6	NS
15. To develop physical and emotional well-being	2.6	2.6	2.5	NS
16. To develop the desire and capacity for lifelong learning	2.4	2.3	2.4	0.01
17. To become an interesting individual person to oneself and others	2.4	2.3	2.3	0.001
18. To develop self-confidence	2.7	2.7	2.6	NS
19. To learn how to make decisions	2.7	2.7	2.8	NS
HOW IMPORTANT DO YOU THINK THESE REASONS ARE FOR A STUDENT HERE TO UNDERTAKE AN OFF-CAMPUS EXPERIENCE:				
20. To learn about career possibilities	2.1	2.1	2.2	NS
21. To prepare him/her to cope with the adult world of work	2.3	2.2	2.1	0.001
22. To get a break from the restrictions of school rules and life	1.7	1.8	1.7	NS
23. To be of service to others	1.9	1.9	1.9	NS
24. To get a break from the classroom and academic requirements	1.7	1.9	1.7	0.005
25. To satisfy academic requirements	1.6	1.6	1.6	NS
26. To do what his/her friends do	1.1	1.2	1.1	0.01
27. To develop personal qualities such as increased confidence, self-reliance, and maturity	2.5	2.5	2.5	0.05
28. To be free, live in a new way, do one's own thing	1.5	2.0	1.8	NS

	SPI	OT	SIT	Levels of Significance
49. To learn more about other, different social groups and environments from their own	2.2	2.1	2.1	1001
50. To gain practical knowledge of a subject or field studied in school	2.6	2.3	2.6	1001
51. To have time for his/her own creative work	2.2	2.2	2.3	1001

WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING DO YOU THINK WILL BE IMPORTANT PROBLEMS FOR STUDENTS ON AN OFF-CAMPUS WORK JOB OR PROJECT:

52. The ability to master the various facets of the job, to the satisfaction of their employers	2.2	2.2	2.1	8
53. The ability to get along with their supervisors	2.1	2.1	2.1	88
54. The ability to get along with their fellow workers	2.3	2.3	2.2	88
55. The ability to stick it out even when the job is boring	2.1	2.2	2.6	8
56. The ability to meet their commitments regularly and faithfully	2.3	2.3	2.3	88

111. INSTRUCTIONS: Rank each of the following objects according to how you personally perceive it or feel toward it at the moment by placing an "X" somewhere along each of the seven-point adjective scales listed under the items.

NOTE: Responses are indicated in groups. The scale used was:
1 = left side of pair; 7 = right side of pair

	SPI	OT	SIT	_____	_____
THE EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM HERE IS:					
57. purposeful aimless	2.2	2.6	2.2	32.6	< .001
58. good/bad	2.3	2.2	2.3		8
59. strong/weak	2.9	2.3	2.5	13.157	< .001
60. active/passive	2.6	3.1	3.1	14.666	< .001
61. stable/changing	2.9	3.4	3.3	29.189	< .001
62. hopeful/hopeless	2.3	2.2	2.8	5.83	< .02
63. broad/narrow	3.0	3.3	3.2		88
64. fast/slow	2.1	2.7	2.6	17.33	< .001
65. cautious/rash	2.1	3.3	3.1	46.93	< .001
66. wise/foolish	2.1	2.7	3.0	34.679	< .001
67. flexible/rigid	2.1	3.3	3.2	114.61	< .001
68. complex/simple	2.2	2.9	3.1	7.669	< .001

	<u>WPI</u>	<u>CCT</u>	<u>SIT</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>p</u>
THE FACULTY AT THIS SCHOOL ARE:					
70. purposeful/aimless	2.6	2.4	2.7	9.1	<.02
71. good/bad	2.5	2.5	2.6		NS
72. strong/weak	2.7	2.6	2.9	9.815	<.009
73. active/passive	2.8	2.7	3.0		NS
74. stable/changing	3.3	3.2	2.9	9.95	<.008
75. hopeful/hopeless	2.9	2.9	3.0		NS
76. broad/narrow	3.3	3.1	3.5		NS
77. fast/slow	3.0	2.7	3.1	9.69	<.009
78. cautious/rash	3.4	3.3	3.0	8.117	<.001
79. wise/foolish	2.8	2.5	2.8	9.110	<.017
8. flexible/rigid	3.1	3.5	3.7	11.321	<.001
6. complex/simple	3.1	3.0	3.1		NS
THE STUDENTS HERE ARE:					
7. purposeful/aimless	3.3	3.4	3.2		NS
8. good/bad	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.034	<.008
9. strong/weak	3.5	3.3	3.3		NS
10. active/passive	3.0	3.9	3.6		NS
11. stable/changing	3.3	3.8	3.7	13.317	<.001
12. hopeful/hopeless	3.4	3.5	3.4		NS
13. broad/narrow	3.8	3.4	3.8	3.660	<.03
14. fast/slow	3.9	3.5	3.3	4.015	<.018
15. cautious/rash	3.8	3.0	3.5	10.47	<.001
16. wise/foolish	3.8	3.8	3.6	4.210	<.026
17. flexible/rigid	3.3	3.2	3.5	3.690	<.026
18. complex/simple	3.5	3.5	3.6		NS
I AM:					
19. purposeful/aimless	2.4	2.6	2.2	6.508	<.002
20. good/bad	2.6	2.5	2.4		NS
21. strong/weak	2.7	2.8	2.5	3.730	<.025
22. active/passive	3.1	3.2	2.7	7.987	<.001
23. stable/changing	3.9	3.5	3.4	5.586	<.004
24. hopeful/hopeless	2.3	2.3	2.1		NS
25. broad/narrow	2.8	2.7	2.4	4.789	<.009

	WT	CT	AT	$\chi^2_{(1)} =$	P =
16. trustful	3.3	3.1	2.6	6.27	0.002
17. cautious	3.1	2.9	3.0		35
18. wise	3.1	3.1	2.9	7.947	0.001
19. flexible	2.9	2.7	2.9		35
20. complex	2.8	3.0	2.9		35

1. In the space below, please describe what you believe are the most successful accomplishments of the program at this school right now.

WPI Freshmen

- 14 the liberal project with respect to academic curriculum
- 13 freedom, flexibility of elective courses
- 12 learn decision-making
- 11 learning a hierarchy of competencies
- 10 grading system
- 9 faculty advisors
- 8 good career preparation
- 7 determine to become involved with outside world
- 6 job
- 5 good faculty-student relationships
- 4 spend time with varied groups of people on the campus
- 3 satisfaction requirement
- 2 101 work
- 1 none
- 1 "Students who have graduated from our program are better qualified"
- 1 4-week terms
- 1 varied program
- 1 good liberal engineering education
- 1 "makes you stop and think about what you really want out of an education; you can then proceed to get what you need from the school"
- 1 teaches you how to work with others
- 1 student goes in the direction, at the rate he chooses
- 1 abolition of unnecessary, useless requirements
- 1 less emphasis on grades, more on learning
- 1 application of theory to practice

Clarkson Freshmen

- 26 good preparation for a career
- 19 good education-broad undergraduate/technical/well-organized
- 1 hard work
- 1 good reputation
- 1 "better insight of the technique and purpose of engineering and an introduction to the practical knowledge common to most engineers"
- 1 good job placement
- 1 learn to live independently
- 1 good faculty/student relationships
- 1 develop self-reliance, well-being, cooperation

- 1 high rating of Clarkson by employers
- 1 flexibility in courses
- 1 technical equipment available
- 1 first two years offer a good background to major field
- 1 good faculty
- 1 enables student to cope with other people
- 1 breaking from tradition

WPI Seniors

- 19 incorporation of project work into academic program
- 8 projects give students a chance to see what life is like in the real working world; to become more aware of society; to deal with people of other disciplines
- 6 fosters self-reliance, experience, responsibility, character development, creativity
- 5 flexibility of Plan
- 4 competency exam--students prove their competence
- 3 IPI method of teaching
- 3 MQP
- 2 exchange program with Consortium of colleges
- 2 no course requirements outside major
- 2 course work
- 2 advising system
- 1 good, close student/faculty relationships
- 1 good preparation for graduate school
- 1 relating school to industry
- 1 video format
- 1 allows student to determine own pace, directions, goals
- 1 IQP
- 1 sufficiency program
- 1 loose structure of course selection
- 1 grading system

Clarkson Seniors

- 11 good preparation for a career
- 9 Clarkson's good reputation: high rate of employment for graduates
- 5 good student/faculty relationships
- 3 close-knit community
- 3 good education
- 2 ability to change /add majors--flexible program
- 2 programs student-oriented
- 1 executive in residence
- 1 independent study
- 1 diversified faculty: even within one department; allows exposure to many areas of specialization
- 1 good research program
- 1 new, effective president
- 1 exposure of students in one field to students in many other fields--ability to live and work together
- 1 good wide choice of courses
- 1 highly qualified faculty
- 1 getting a good environmental engineering program started

II. What do you feel are the most important problems or disadvantages associated with the program here?

WPI Freshmen

- 7 7-week terms too short
- 4 open admissions--too many non-motivated students
- 4 prefer ABC NR grading system
- 4 not enough women
- 3 lack of encouragement to work hard
- 3 weak humanities courses--need to be broadened
- 3 lack of understanding of the Plan by students
- 3 unhealthy social life
- 3 hard for grad schools/business to evaluate grades
- 3 getting used to "free" atmosphere--without structured work; some students take advantage not to work
- 2 sufficiency, humanities requirement
- 2 education too narrow-minded; lack of diversity of courses
- 2 student apathy
- 1 too many requirements in major field
- 1 little opportunity to take courses outside major field
- 1 faculty split over Plan
- 1 better, inexpensive housing needed
- 1 sports
- 1 many professors mediocre
- 1 better course scheduling needed
- 1 too much pressure

Clarkson Freshmen

- 8 need broader course selection: law, humanities, medicine, etc.
- 7 education too general; some required courses do not pertain to major field--too much humanities required
- 6 too much work
- 4 pace is fast, too fast for some
- 4 poor social life; too few activities
- 3 more lab courses, esp. for freshmen--to apply theory to practice
- 3 some professors are poor teachers
- 3 poor faculty/student relationships
- 2 too strict adherence to rules
- 1 program for freshmen too rigid, too broad: should be more specialized in various fields
- 1 need more tests with less material covered on each
- 1 too much theory
- 1 too expensive
- 1 poor housing situation
- 1 "good teachers leaving due to lack of financial security"
- 1 "courses emphasize mechanics, rather than theory"
- 1 "need more women"
- 1 poor library
- 1 "graduates often unable to get jobs"
- 1 difficult for students to change programs
- 1 not enough basic courses
- 1 program too complex
- 1 program not changing with the times

QUESTIONNAIRE FORM 1
BACKGROUND INFORMATION

		Sex			Total (N = 100)
		Male	Female	Total	
1. What is your school?	N	50	50	100	
a. Are you:					
1. On the Plan and basically satisfied	58.0				
2. On the Plan but wish you were off	36.0	36.0			
3. Off the Plan and basically satisfied	11.0				
4. Off the Plan but wish you were on	1.0	1.0			
b. What year are you in at your school?					
1. Freshman	26.0	11.0	15.0		
2. Sophomore	26.0	13.0	13.0		
3. Junior	21.0	13.0	8.0		
4. Senior	26.0	14.0	12.0		
5. Other	11.0	3.0	8.0		
c. Are you:					Chi-Square = 1.2 p > 0.05 (1 d.f.)
1. Male	61.0	88.0	26.0		
2. Female	39.0	12.0	24.0		
d. How did you choose to go to college?					
1. Your first choice	26.0	24.0	26.0		
2. Second choice	39.0	13.0	26.0		
3. Third or lower choice	35.0	62.0	27.0		
e. Why did you select your school?					
1. Course offerings	13.0	12.0	11.0		
2. Advice from high school counselor	34.0	24.0	34.0		
3. AP/IB or special programs offered here	34.0	13.0	21.0		
4. Advice from students here	3.0	3.0	3.0		
5. Advice from alumni	1.0	0.0	1.0		
6. Parental advice	3.0	30.0	27.0		Chi-Square = 11.54 p < 0.01
7. Financial aid offer	10.0	16.0	10.0		
8. Close to home	5.0	3.0	14.0		
9. Far from home	7.0	3.0	10.0		
10. Visit to the campus	50.0	48.0	11.0		
11. Friends	6.0	8.0	8.0		
12. Intell. and cultural atmosphere	16.0	9.0	26.0		
13. Other	16.0	15.0	11.0		

NS = not significant

A.

12. The following 20 items are listed to measure opinion statements about various aspects of life at your school. Please indicate to what extent you personally agree or disagree with each statement. You should do this by circling next to each statement the one of the six circles which best represents your feeling about the statement.

When you agree, use indicated means. The words used are:

100% 75% 50% 25% 0% 25%

Strongly Agree Strongly Disagree

	100%	75%	50%	25%	0%	25%
13. I generally feel good about the life at my school.	93.1	6.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
14. I am satisfied with the life at my school.	92.7	6.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
15. I would like to see school life become more interesting.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
16. I am satisfied with the way the school is run.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17. I am satisfied with the way the school is run.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
18. I am satisfied with the way the school is run.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19. I am satisfied with the way the school is run.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
20. I am satisfied with the way the school is run.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
21. I am completely satisfied with the way the school is run.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
22. I am completely satisfied with the way the school is run.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
23. I am completely satisfied with the way the school is run.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
24. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
25. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
26. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
27. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
28. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
29. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
30. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
32. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
33. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
34. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
35. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
36. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
37. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
38. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
39. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
40. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
41. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
42. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
43. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
44. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
45. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
46. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
47. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
48. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
49. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
50. I would prefer to go back to school than to go to work.	92.7	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

11. INSTRUCTIONS: Please indicate how important you feel each of the following choices is by placing an "X" on the appropriate line.

NOTE: Responses are indicated as means. The scale used was:
1 = Not Very Important; 2 = Important; 3 = Very Important

	WPI	CI	SEP	Levels of Significance
WITH REGARD TO THE FOLLOWING EDUCATIONAL GOALS, HOW IMPORTANT DO YOU THINK IT IS FOR STUDENTS:				
8a. To develop the skills necessary to earn a good living	2.9	2.7	2.8	.58
8b. To learn to make friends and get along with people	2.7	2.8	2.6	.1028
8c. To learn to think clearly and independently	2.9	2.8	2.8	.58
8d. To gain an understanding of the main areas of knowledge	2.9	2.7	2.9	.58
8e. To develop strengths of character and personality	2.6	2.6	2.6	.58
8f. To develop physical and emotional well-being	2.6	2.6	2.5	.76
8g. To develop the desire and motivation for long learning	2.8	2.4	2.4	.001
8h. To become an interesting individual person to oneself and others	2.3	2.4	2.3	.0002
8i. To develop self-confidence	2.7	2.7	2.6	.76
8j. To learn how to make decisions	2.7	2.4	2.8	.57
HOW IMPORTANT DO YOU THINK THESE REASONS ARE FOR A STUDENT BEST TO ENDURE AN OFF-CAMPUS PROGRAM:				
9a. To learn about other possibilities	2.4	2.4	2.4	.58
9b. To prepare him/her to cope with the adult world of work	2.5	2.7	2.5	.001
9c. To get a break from the restrictions of school rules and life	1.7	1.8	1.7	.76
9d. To be of service to others	1.9	1.9	1.9	.7
9e. To get a break from the classroom and academic requirements	1.7	1.9	1.7	.0002
9f. To satisfy academic requirements	1.6	1.6	1.6	.58
9g. To do what his/her father likes	1.3	1.2	1.4	.0002
9h. To develop personal qualities such as increased confidence, self-reliance and maturity	2.3	2.5	2.3	.0002
9i. To be free, live in a new way, to one's own thing	1.7	2.0	1.8	.76

	well	poor	Level of significance	
99. To learn something at their discretion from groups and environments from their own	2.1	2.1	2.1	NS
99. To gain practical knowledge of a course or field studied in school	2.06	2.06	2.06	NS
99. To have time for his/her own creative work	2.07	2.07	2.07	NS

WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING DO YOU THINK WILL BE IMPORTANT PROBLEMS FOR STUDENTS ON AN ON-CAMPUS WORK JOB OR PROJECT:

99. The ability to master the various tasks of the job, to the satisfaction of their employers	2.1	2.12	2.1	NS
99. The ability to get along with their supervisors	2.11	2.1	2.1	NS
99. The ability to get along with their fellow workers	2.07	2.07	2.07	NS
99. The ability to stick it out even when the job is boring	2.07	2.07	2.07	NS
99. The ability to meet the employer's requirements carefully and carefully	2.1	2.1	2.1	NS

111. INSTRUCTIONS: Place each of the following adjectives on a line to show how you personally perceive it or react toward it at the moment by placing an "X" above where it is on each of the seven-point adjectiv scales listed in brackets below.

With responses are indicated as follows: line scale as follows:
 1 = left side of survey; 7 = right side of pair

	827	694	441	<u>_____</u>	<u>_____</u>
THE EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM (SEE 101)					
5/1. purposeful/aimless	2.1	2.19	2.17	15.13	8,133
5/2. good/bad	2.15	2.17	2.15		NS
5/3. strong/weak	2.19	2.13	2.15	15.137	8,133
5/4. active/passive	2.16	2.1	2.12	15.133	8,133
5/5. stable/changing	2.16	2.1	2.13	19.185	8,133
5/6. hopeful/hopeless	2.13	2.17	2.18	15.13	8,132
5/7. broad/narrow	2.1	2.1	2.12		NS
5/8. fast/slow	2.11	2.17	2.16	17.133	8,133
5/9. cautious/rash	2.11	2.1	2.1	16.13	8,133
5/10. wise/foolish	2.11	2.17	2.16	16.139	8,133
5/11. flexible/rigid	2.1	2.1	2.1	11.134	8,133
5/12. complex/simple	2.17	2.19	2.1	17.136	8,133

	MPI	CCI	SHI	$-P_{\text{L}}$	$-P_{\text{L}+\text{L}^2}$
THE FACULTY AT THIS SCHOOL ARE:					
70. purposeful/careless	2.6	2.5	2.7	0.1	8,102
71. good/bad	2.7	2.4	2.6		20
72. strong/weak	2.7	2.6	2.9	0.813	8,1009
73. active/passive	2.8	2.7	3.0		20
74. stable/changing	3.3	3.2	2.9	0.13	8,1008
75. hopeful/hopeless	2.9	2.9	3.0		20
76. broad/narrow	3.3	3.1	3.5		20
77. fast/slow	3.0	2.7	3.1	0.89	8,1009
78. cautious/rash	3.4	3.3	3.0	0.117	8,1004
79. wise/foolish	2.8	2.5	2.8	0.13	8,1012
8. flexible/rigid	3.1	3.3	3.3	0.321	8,1004
6. complex/simple	3.1	3.0	3.1		20
THE STUDENTS HERE ARE:					
7. purposeful/careless	3.3	3.3	3.7		20
8. good/bad	3.2	3.0	3.0	0.033	8,1008
9. strong/weak	3.3	3.3	3.3		20
10. active/passive	3.0	3.0	3.0		20
11. stable/changing	3.1	3.8	3.7	0.317	8,1011
12. hopeful/hopeless	3.3	3.4	3.3		20
13. broad/narrow	3.7	3.2	3.7	0.000	8,101
14. fast/slow	3.6	3.4	3.3	0.033	8,1018
15. cautious/rash	3.8	3.0	3.3	0.067	8,1004
16. wise/foolish	3.8	3.8	3.6	0.216	8,1016
17. flexible/rigid	3.3	3.3	3.3	0.666	8,1020
18. complex/simple	3.5	3.3	3.6		20
TEAM:					
19. purposeful/careless	2.4	2.6	2.2	0.038	8,1012
20. good/bad	2.6	2.5	2.4		20
21. strong/weak	2.7	2.8	2.5	0.73	8,1015
22. active/passive	3.1	3.2	2.7	0.987	8,1004
23. stable/changing	3.9	3.3	3.4	0.586	8,1003
24. hopeful/hopeless	2.3	2.3	2.4		20
25. broad/narrow	2.8	2.7	2.4	0.783	8,1000

- 1 high rating of Clarkson by employers
- 1 flexibility in courses
- 1 technical equipment available
- 1 first two years offer a good background in major field
- 1 good faculty
- 1 enables student to cope with other people
- 1 breaking from tradition

WPI Seniors

- 19 incorporation of project work into academic program
- 8 projects give students a chance to see what life is like in the real working world; to become more aware of society; to deal with people of other disciplines
- 6 fosters self-reliance, experience, responsibility, character development, creativity
- 5 flexibility of Plan
- 4 competency exam--students prove their competence
- 3 IPI method of teaching
- 3 MQP
- 2 exchange program with Consortium of colleges
- 2 no course requirements outside major
- 2 course work
- 2 advising system
- 1 good, close student/faculty relationships
- 1 good preparation for graduate school
- 1 relating school to industry
- 1 video format
- 1 allows student to determine own pace, directions, goals
- 1 IQP
- 1 sufficiency program
- 1 loose structure of course selection
- 1 grading system

Clarkson Seniors

- 11 good preparation for a career
- 9 Clarkson's good reputation: high rate of employment for graduates
- 5 good student/faculty relationships
- 3 close-knit community
- 3 good education
- 2 ability to change/add majors--flexible program
- 2 programs student-oriented
- 1 executive in residence
- 1 independent study
- 1 diversified faculty: even within one department; allows exposure to many areas of specialization
- 1 good research program
- 1 new, effective president
- 1 exposure of students in one field to students in many other fields--ability to live and work together
- 1 good wide choice of courses
- 1 highly qualified faculty
- 1 getting a good environmental engineering program started

II. What do you feel are the most important problems or disadvantages associated with the program here?

WPI Freshmen

- 7 7-week terms too short
- 4 open admissions--too many non-motivated students
- 4 prefer ABC NR grading system
- 4 not enough women
- 3 lack of encouragement to work hard
- 3 weak humanities courses--need to be broadened
- 3 lack of understanding of the Plan by students
- 3 unhealthy social life
- 3 hard for grad schools/business to evaluate grades
- 3 getting used to "free" atmosphere--without structured work; some students take advantage not to work
- 2 sufficiency, humanities requirement
- 2 education too marrow-minded; lack of diversity of courses
- 2 student apathy
- 1 too many requirements in major field
- 1 little opportunity to take courses outside major field
- 1 faculty split over Plan
- 1 better, inexpensive housing needed
- 1 sports
- 1 many professors mediocre
- 1 better course scheduling needed
- 1 too much pressure

Clarkson Freshmen

- 8 need broader course selection: law, humanities, medicine, etc.
- 7 education too general; some required courses do not pertain to major field--too much humanities required
- 6 too much work
- 4 pace is fast, too fast for some
- 4 poor social life; too few activities
- 3 more lab courses, esp. for freshmen--to apply theory to practice
- 3 some professors are poor teachers
- 3 poor faculty/student relationships
- 2 too strict adherence to rules
- 1 program for freshmen too rigid, too broad: should be more specialized in various fields
- 1 need more tests with less material covered on each
- 1 too much theory
- 1 too expensive
- 1 poor housing situation
- 1 "good teachers leaving due to lack of financial security"
- 1 "courses emphasize mechanics, rather than theory"
- 1 "need more women"
- 1 poor library
- 1 "graduates often unable to get jobs"
- 1 difficult for students to change programs
- 1 not enough basic courses
- 1 program too complex
- 1 program not changing with the times

WPI Seniors

- 10 7 weeks too short: limited exposure to material, too rapid a pace for learning the material; excessive work--professors don't understand Plan system
- 5 grading system poor--hard for graduate schools/business to evaluate
- 4 poor advising system--uninformed; needs expansion; advisors need to be more available
- 4 competency exam--too much pressure, too late--how can one test competence
- 3 limited communications between faculty/students
- 3 "AC" hinders motivation; can get by with little work
- 2 need some regular courses to balance project work
- 2 poor social atmosphere
- 2 without course requirements, many students lack knowledge in major fields--must specify degree requirements
- 1 Interessions are a waste of time
- 1 some exams test speed, not competence
- 1 inflexibility (projects take up 2-1/3 units, equivalent to 7 courses ?)
- 1 limited course selection
- 1 idea of sufficiency fine but misleading--need more help on creating projects
- 1 more could be learned in classroom than through projects
- 1 laxness
- 1 WACCC
- 1 should be able to graduate with knowledge in all areas
- 1 major courses not offered often enough
- 1 projects should be more relevant to eventual career
- 1 open admissions
- 1 implementing flexible Plan on fields of study which have highly structured requirements
- 1 courses becoming easier
- 1 more research money needs to be made available to attract younger, better faculty
- 1 inflated grades
- 1 "loose" quality on projects--especially the sufficiency
- 1 too many students working with the same few professors
- 1 no sense of community
- 1 need to develop humanities courses
- 1 "MQP/IQP do not provide a true industry/education interface"

Clarkson Seniors

- 5 not enough practical use of theory
- 4 students/faculty/administration apathetic: apathetic intellectual environment; uninvolved in school affairs
- 3 some professors are poor teachers
- 3 need more humanities, social sciences--well-rounded education
- 3 not enough lab courses
- 3 not enough women
- 2 too much emphasis on grades
- 2 "departments not being of the same quality"
- 2 hard for small school to keep up with the times, while retaining the advantages of a small school

- 2 "many students get too involved in engineering, relating its pre-
cision to all other facets of life"
- 1 course material too rigid
- 1 programs cover too much material
- 1 inflexible grading; too few tests given
- 1 some faculty too research-oriented
- 1 lack of equipment (small school)
- 1 no school spirit or social life
- 1 lack of student/faculty interaction
- 1 academic standards being lowered
- 1 traditional rigid approaches to problems imposed by small staff

III. Are there any other comments you'd like to make?

WPI Freshmen

- 11 very satisfied with WPI, grading system, Plan
- 2 some professors (especially in lower level courses) are poor teachers
- 1 there should be no need for basic (calculus, physics) courses--taken
in high school
- 1 housing problems
- 1 10-week courses better
- 1 more opportunity to take courses outside major
- 1 Plan is confusing, can be easily misunderstood, used to cover one's
failures
- 1 Plan not flexible enough
- 1 tendency toward isolating one's courses in technical studies--narrow
education
- 1 less pressure on grades with Plan
- 1 "projects" emphasis exciting, opportunity to finally apply theory--
good career preparation
- 1 difficult for girls here
- 1 faculty understaffed
- 1 career opportunities could be stressed more during freshman year
- 1 WPI education could be more challenging
- 1 latitude in degree of difficulty of competency exams unfair

Clarkson Freshmen

- 1 more humanities courses offered
- 1 admissions not selective enough
- 1 little motivation to work
- 1 poor social life
- 1 small school in small city is best part about Clarkson
- 1 should include "values" courses
- 1 emphasis of professors is on research rather than teaching
- 1 too much work without time for social/cultural life

WPI Seniors

- 2 lack of knowledge advising creates problems
- 2 WPI developed good ideas but many aspects of Plan are too extreme
- 2 need intensive orientation to Plan for freshmen
- 2 Plan is good on paper but is being poorly implemented
- 2 WPI not selective enough in admissions
- 1 only 1/3 students involved in project work, rest more concerned with requirements fulfilling
- 1 only 1/3 faculty involved in project work
- 1 prefer Pass/NR/Distinguished grading system
- 1 IPI format for all courses
- 1 heavy workload detracts from enjoyable college experience
- 1 unnecessary stress in determining competency--using single comprehensive exam
- 1 changes in faculty approach, style needed
- 1 give sample course plans for students to use as models for specific career objectives
- 1 departments understaffed
- 1 WPI lacks sense of community
- 1 need more informal seminars
- 1 confusing to have classes being on same day as registration
- 1 dual system: Plan for honors students, non-Plan for others
- 1 poor idea to allow students to take successive courses without passing first or preceding course
- 1 offer short, special interest courses during Intersession
- 1 no humanities sufficiency
- 1 senior project, rather than QP--after course work completed

Clarkson Seniors

- 3 excellent courses and education
- 2 need more social sciences, humanities courses--stimulation in different ideas, ways of thinking
- 1 difficult to transfer here--to make adjustments, keep up with work
- 1 too high a level of competition encouraged here
- 1 poor placement services
- 1 confusing when actual course offerings differ from those in catalogue
- 1 need to replace Dean of School of Management
- 1 need more work internships

QUESTIONNAIRE FORM B

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

		WPI	CCT	SJT	Total
1-3. Your school	N =	257	188	212	692
4. Are you					
1. On the Plan and basically satisfied		77.2	--	--	
2. On the Plan but wish you were off		9.1	--	--	
3. Off the Plan and basically satisfied		13.6	--	--	
4. Off the Plan but wish you were on		0.1	--	--	
5. What year are you in at your school?					
1. Freshman		29.6	27.7	17.6	
2. Sophomore		24.9	27.9	21.1	
3. Junior		23.7	23.3	24.3	
4. Senior		21.0	25.3	14.0	
5. Other		0.8	0.5	0.8	
6. Are you					
1. Male		60.9	56.2	56.7	
2. Female		39.1	43.8	43.3	<u>Female and</u>
7. When applying to school, what was your					<u>signature?</u>
1. Your first choice		27.6	21.7	26.3	
2. Second choice		16.3	19.8	15.8	2
3. Third or lower choice		56.0	58.6	57.9	
8. Why did you select this school?					
1. Course offerings		23.0	13.1	36.2	
2. Advice from high school counselors		9.5	12.5	8.3	
3. WPI Plan/special programs offered here		19.5	7.3	5.0	
4. Advice from students here		7.0	5.2	7.8	
5. Advice from alumni		1.0	6.6	7.8	
6. Parental advice		5.0	7.3	7.8	
7. Financial aid/other		12.0	22.1	18.3	101
8. Close to home		3.0	2.2	12.8	
9. Far from home		1.0	3.2	--	
10. Visit to the campus		35.3	52.4	24.5	
11. Faculty		5.4	3.6	3.1	
12. Intellectual atmosphere		17.2	9.5	20.4	
13. Other		31.9	34.5	52.0	

SS - 96-1-140-110-1

	<u>WPI</u>	<u>CCT</u>	<u>SIT</u>	<u>Levels of Significance</u>
10. What form of financial help do you receive from the school?				
1. Money	10.4%	45.7%	14.1%	.001
2. Money and work combination	4.4%	8.1%	12.8%	
3. Money and loan combination	32.3%	12.9%	13.6%	
4. Other	6.8%	5.9%	15.3%	
5. None	46.2%	27.4%	44.2%	
11. For a person in your year (e.g., freshman, junior, etc.), is your standing in terms of courses passed				
1. More than two courses behind	19.1%	2.7%	2.1%	.001
2. Two courses behind	6.8%	3.7%	2.9%	
3. One course behind	11.6%	5.9%	6.3%	
4. On target	31.5%	54.8%	57.1%	
5. One course ahead	9.2%	13.3%	11.3%	
6. Two courses ahead	6.0%	8.5%	9.2%	
7. More than two courses ahead	15.9%	11.2%	10.9%	
12. Where do you live?				
1. Dormitory	31.4%	67.9%	37.3%	.001
2. Fraternity or sorority	18.7%	9.1%	12.4%	
3. Off-campus apartment	20.3%	15.0%	13.3%	
4. With parents or relatives	11.2%	2.7%	26.2%	
5. Other	8.4%	5.4%	10.7%	
13. How far from school is your home?				
1. Within 5 miles	11.5%	4.8%	14.3%	.001
2. 5-15 miles	6.7%	2.1%	18.9%	
3. 15-50 miles	23.3%	5.3%	42.6%	
4. 50-200 miles	44.7%	28.2%	17.2%	
5. 200-500 miles	7.1%	58.0%	2.9%	
6. More than 500 miles	6.7%	1.6%	4.1%	
14. Where do you think you ranked in your high school classes?				
1. Top 10%	59.7%	54.3%	54.3%	NS
2. Top 25%	26.1%	26.1%	28.8%	
3. Top 50%	9.1%	12.4%	10.3%	
4. Top 75%	2.8%	3.2%	3.7%	
5. Other	2.4%	4.3%	2.9%	

	<u>WPI</u>	<u>CCT</u>	<u>SIT</u>	<u>Levels of Significance</u>
15. If you can remember, approximately what were your S.A.T. scores?				
<u>NOTE:</u> Responses are means.				
15-17. Verbal S.A.T. score	550.0	557.1	557.7	NS
18-20. Math S.A.T. score	644.3	654.5	658.9	NS
21. What are you majoring in? (Responses not included here)				
22. What would you like to do when you finish school?				
1. Go on to graduate school	32.2%	27.8%	26.0%	
2. Work	49.8%	51.9%	55.8%	
3. Military	3.5%	2.7%	3.9%	.001
4. Undecided	13.3%	16.0%	5.3%	
5. Other	1.2%	1.6%	10.2%	

We are interested in approximately how much time you feel you spend during an average week on the following activities (the categories are not all mutually exclusive):

NOTE: Responses are means of hours spent in each activity.

23-24. Contact with faculty in lectures or class	12.7	16.8	13.7	.001
25-26. Contact with my advisor individually	2.0	1.9	3.8	.001
27-28. Studying on my own or in IPI (Keller Plan) courses	22.4	18.6	13.1	.001
29-30. Working or studying with others	6.1	7.0	6.6	NS
31-32. Sports and hobbies	8.9	9.2	8.5	NS
33-34. Contact with faculty outside of class	1.7	1.5	3.0	.007
35-36. Earning money	5.7	4.8	18.9	.001
37-38. Recreation	16.4	17.4	14.1	NS
39-40. Sleeping	59.2	59.9	47.7	NS
41-42. Doing projects, experiments	6.8	4.0	6.9	.001
43-44. Taking exams, assessments	2.4	2.4	3.4	NS

	<u>WPI</u>	<u>CCT</u>	<u>SIT</u>	<u>Levels of Significance</u>
How do you feel about each of the following educational goals?				
NOTE: Responses are means. Scale used was: 1 = Not very important; 2 = Important; 3 = Very Important				
HOW IMPORTANT IS IT:				
45. To develop the skills necessary to earn a good living	2.6	2.6	2.5	NS
46. To learn how to make friends and get along with people	2.6	2.6	2.5	.008
47. To learn to think clearly and independently	2.8	2.8	2.8	NS
48. To gain an understanding of the main areas of knowledge	2.5	2.4	2.4	NS
49. To develop strengths of character and personality	2.6	2.5	2.5	NS
50. To develop physical and emotional well-being	2.5	2.5	2.4	NS
51. To develop the desire and capacity for lifelong learning	2.4	2.2	2.4	.001
52. To become an interesting individual person to yourself and others	2.4	2.3	2.3	.029
53. To develop self confidence	2.7	2.6	2.6	NS
54. To learn how to make decisions	2.7	2.6	2.7	NS
HOW IMPORTANT IS IT TO YOU TO DO THE FOLLOWING THINGS IN YOUR LIFE:				
55. To be a financial success and earn a good living	2.4	2.2	2.4	NS
56. To have a happy family life	2.7	2.7	2.7	NS
57. To be of service to others	2.3	2.2	2.2	.03
58. To develop my own interest and personality to the fullest, live in my own way	2.5	2.5	2.5	NS
59. To create or perform works of art	1.6	1.5	1.6	NS
60. To become competent and respected in my work or profession and in my community	2.4	2.3	2.4	NS
61. To change the world around me for the better	2.3	2.1	2.1	.029
HOW IMPORTANT ARE THESE REASONS FOR UNDERTAKING AN OFF-CAMPUS PROJECT TO YOU:				
62. To learn about career possibilities	2.1	2.0	2.0	NS
63. To prepare me to cope with the adult world of work	2.2	1.9	2.0	.001
64. To get a break from the restrictions of school rules and life	1.5	1.7	1.7	NS

	<u>WPI</u>	<u>CCT</u>	<u>SIT</u>	<u>Levels of Significance</u>
65. To be of service to others	1.8	1.9	1.8	NS
66. To get a break from classroom and academic requirements	1.5	1.8	1.7	.003
67. To satisfy academic requirements	1.8	1.8	1.7	NS
68. To do what my friends do	1.1	1.2	1.1	.001
69. To develop personal qualities such as increased confidence, self-reliance, and maturity	2.5	2.3	2.3	.035
70. To be free, live in a new way, do my own thing	1.8	1.9	1.9	NS
71. To learn more about other, different social groups and environments than my own	2.2	2.0	1.9	.001
72. To gain practical knowledge of a subject or field studied in school	2.6	2.3	2.5	.001
73. To have time for my own creative work	2.0	1.9	2.2	.031
DO YOU THINK THAT ANY OF THE FOLLOWING WILL BE PROBLEMS FOR YOU ON AN OFF-CAMPUS WORK JOB OR PROJECT:				
74. Your ability to master the various facets of the job, to the satisfaction of your employer	1.7	1.7	1.6	NS
75. Your ability to get along with your supervisor	1.6	1.6	1.5	NS
76. Your ability to get along with your fellow workers	1.7	1.7	1.7	NS
77. Your ability to stick it out even when the job is boring	1.8	1.8	1.9	NS
78. Your ability to meet your appointments regularly and faithfully	1.7	1.7	1.7	NS
79. How do you feel about undertaking your off-campus project or activity?				
1. Enthusiastic	43.6%	35.0%	37.1%	
2. Indifferent	17.1%	21.1%	16.5%	
3. Confident	17.5%	25.6%	28.3%	NS
4. Apprehensive	15.4%	13.9%	12.6%	
5. Other	6.4%	4.4%	5.2%	

WPI Seniors

- 10 7 weeks too short: limited exposure to material, too rapid a pace for learning the material; excessive work--professors don't understand Plan system
- 5 grading system poor--hard for graduate schools/business to evaluate
- 4 poor advising system--uninformed; needs expansion; advisors need to be more available
- 4 competency exam--too much pressure, too late--how can one test competence
- 3 limited communications between faculty/students
- 3 "AC" hinders motivation; can get by with little work
- 2 need some regular courses to balance project work
- 2 poor social atmosphere
- 2 without course requirements, many students lack knowledge in major fields--must specify degree requirements
- 1 Interessions are a waste of time
- 1 some exams test speed, not competence
- 1 inflexibility (projects take up 2-1/3 units, equivalent to 7 courses ?)
- 1 limited course selection
- 1 idea of sufficiency fine but misleading--need more help on creating projects
- 1 more could be learned in classroom than through projects
- 1 laxness
- 1 WACCC
- 1 should be able to graduate with knowledge in all areas
- 1 major courses not offered often enough
- 1 projects should be more relevant to eventual career
- 1 open admissions
- 1 implementing flexible Plan on fields of study which have highly structured requirements
- 1 courses becoming easier
- 1 more research money needs to be made available to attract younger, better faculty
- 1 inflated grades
- 1 "loose" quality on projects--especially the sufficiency
- 1 too many students working with the same few professors
- 1 no sense of community
- 1 need to develop humanities courses
- 1 "MQP/IQP do not provide a true industry/education interface"

Clarkson Seniors

- 5 not enough practical use of theory
- 4 students/faculty/administration apathetic: apathetic intellectual environment; uninvolved in school affairs
- 3 some professors are poor teachers
- 3 need more humanities, social sciences--well-rounded education
- 3 not enough lab courses
- 3 not enough women
- 2 too much emphasis on grades
- 2 "departments not being of the same quality"
- 2 hard for small school to keep up with the times, while retaining the advantages of a small school

- 2 "many students get too involved in engineering, relating its pre-
cision to all other facets of life"
- 1 course material too rigid
- 1 programs cover too much material
- 1 inflexible grading; too few tests given
- 1 some faculty too research-oriented
- 1 lack of equipment (small school)
- 1 no school spirit or social life
- 1 lack of student/faculty interaction
- 1 academic standards being lowered
- 1 traditional rigid approaches to problems imposed by small staff

III. Are there any other comments you'd like to make?

WPI Freshmen

- 11 very satisfied with WPI, grading system, Plan
- 2 some professors (especially in lower level courses) are poor teachers
- 1 there should be no need for basic (calculus, physics) courses--taken
in high school
- 1 housing problems
- 1 10-week courses better
- 1 more opportunity to take courses outside major
- 1 Plan is confusing, can be easily misunderstood, used to cover one's
failures
- 1 Plan not flexible enough
- 1 tendency toward isolating one's courses in technical studies--narrow
education
- 1 less pressure on grades with Plan
- 1 "projects" emphasis exciting, opportunity to finally apply theory--
good career preparation
- 1 difficult for girls here
- 1 faculty understaffed
- 1 career opportunities could be stressed more during freshman year
- 1 WPI education could be more challenging
- 1 latitude in degree of difficulty of competency exams unfair

Clarkson Freshmen

- 1 more humanities courses offered
- 1 admissions not selective enough
- 1 little motivation to work
- 1 poor social life
- 1 small school in small city is best part about Clarkson
- 1 should include "values" courses
- 1 emphasis of professors is on research rather than teaching
- 1 too much work without time for social/cultural life

WPI Seniors

- 2 lack of knowledge advising creates problems
- 2 WPI developed good ideas but many aspects of Plan are too extreme
- 2 need intensive orientation to Plan for freshmen
- 2 Plan is good on paper but is being poorly implemented
- 2 WPI not selective enough in admissions
- 1 only 1/3 students involved in project work, rest more concerned with requirements fulfilling
- 1 only 1/3 faculty involved in project work
- 1 prefer Pass/NR/Distinguished grading system
- 1 IPI format for all courses
- 1 heavy workload detracts from enjoyable college experience
- 1 unnecessary stress in determining competency--using single comprehensive exam
- 1 changes in faculty approach, style needed
- 1 give sample course plans for students to use as models for specific career objectives
- 1 departments understaffed
- 1 WPI lacks sense of community
- 1 need more informal seminars
- 1 confusing to have classes being on same day as registration
- 1 dual system: Plan for honors students, non-Plan for others
- 1 poor idea to allow students to take successive courses without passing first or preceding course
- 1 offer short, special interest courses during Intersession
- 1 no humanities sufficiency
- 1 senior project, rather than QP--after course work completed

Clarkson Seniors

- 3 excellent courses and education
- 2 need more social sciences, humanities courses--stimulation in different ideas, ways of thinking
- 1 difficult to transfer here--to make adjustments, keep up with work
- 1 too high a level of competition encouraged here
- 1 poor placement services
- 1 confusing when actual course offerings differ from those in catalogue
- 1 need to replace Dean of School of Management
- 1 need more work internships

QUESTIONNAIRE FORM B
BACKGROUND INFORMATION

		SP1	Q1T	SP1	Total
1-4. Your School	Mean	55.7	188	26.7	692
5. Are you					
1. On the Plan and basically satisfied		72.1	--	--	
2. On the Plan but wish you were off		90.7	--	--	
3. Off the Plan and basically satisfied		13.4	--	--	
4. Off the Plan but wish you were on		66.4	--	--	
6. What year are you in at your school?					
1. Freshman		20.0	27.7	17.6	
2. Sophomore		20.0	27.9	23.4	
3. Junior		18.5	26.5	24.3	
4. Senior		21.0	27.0	27.0	
5. Other		20.5	20.0	17.8	
7. Are you					
1. White		62.0	80.2	86.7	
2. Nonwhite		38.0	19.8	13.3	692
8. How many times to school have you been?					24201136.000
1. 0 or 1 times here		1.0	21.7	11.4	
2. 2 or 3 times here		16.0	20.8	17.8	692
3. 4 or more times here		83.0	57.6	70.8	
9. How have you selected this school?					
1. Course offerings		20.0	19.7	17.7	
2. Advice from high school counselors		9.3	17.8	8.1	
3. WHI Plan (special programs offered here)		39.5	1.0	12.0	
4. Advice from students here		1.0	6.7	1.8	
5. Advice from alumni		1.0	6.6	1.8	
6. Parental advice		6.0	7.5	7.5	
7. Financial aid offer		12.0	27.1	18.3	692
8. Close to home		3.0	7.7	12.8	
9. Far from home		1.0	3.7	--	
10. Visit to the campus		15.0	57.4	24.5	
11. Faculty		5.4	3.6	3.1	
12. Intellectual atmosphere		17.7	9.5	20.4	
13. Other		51.9	34.5	42.0	

MS - 90-01-001-011-100

	<u>WPI</u>	<u>CCT</u>	<u>SIT</u>	<u>Levels of Significance</u>
10. What form of financial help do you receive from the school?				
1. Money	10.4%	45.7%	14.1%	.001
2. Money and work combination	4.4%	8.1%	12.8%	
3. Money and loan combination	32.3%	12.9%	13.6%	
4. Other	6.8%	5.9%	15.3%	
5. None	46.2%	27.4%	44.2%	
11. For a person in your year (e.g., freshman, junior, etc.), is your standing in terms of courses passed				
1. More than two courses behind	19.1%	2.7%	2.1%	.001
2. Two courses behind	6.8%	3.7%	2.9%	
3. One course behind	11.6%	5.9%	6.5%	
4. On target	11.5%	54.8%	52.1%	
5. One course ahead	9.2%	13.3%	11.3%	
6. Two courses ahead	6.0%	8.5%	9.2%	
7. More than two courses ahead	15.9%	11.2%	10.9%	
12. Where do you live?				
1. Dormitory	31.3%	67.9%	32.3%	.001
2. Fraternity or sorority	18.7%	9.1%	12.3%	
3. Off-campus apartment	20.3%	15.0%	13.5%	
4. With parents or relatives	11.2%	2.7%	26.2%	
5. Other	8.3%	5.4%	10.2%	
13. How far from school is your home?				
1. Within 5 miles	11.5%	4.8%	14.3%	.001
2. 5-15 miles	6.7%	2.1%	18.9%	
3. 15-50 miles	23.3%	5.3%	32.6%	
4. 50-200 miles	44.7%	28.2%	17.2%	
5. 200-500 miles	7.1%	58.0%	2.9%	
6. More than 500 miles	6.7%	1.6%	4.1%	
14. Where do you think you ranked in your high school class?				
1. Top 10%	59.7%	54.3%	54.3%	NS
2. Top 25%	26.1%	26.1%	28.8%	
3. Top 50%	9.1%	12.3%	10.3%	
4. Top 75%	2.8%	3.2%	3.2%	
5. Other	2.4%	4.3%	2.9%	

	<u>WPI</u>	<u>GCT</u>	<u>SIT</u>	<u>Levels of Significance</u>
15. If you can remember, approximately what were your S.A.T. scores?				
<u>NOTE:</u> Responses are means.				
15-17. Verbal S.A.T. score	550.0	557.1	557.7	NS
18-20. Math S.A.T. score	644.3	654.5	658.9	NS
21. What are you majoring in? (Responses not included here)				
22. What would you like to do when you finish school?				
1. Go on to graduate school	32.2%	27.8%	26.0%	.001
2. Work	49.8%	51.9%	55.8%	
3. Military	3.5%	2.7%	3.0%	
4. Undecided	13.3%	16.0%	5.1%	
5. Other	1.2%	1.6%	10.2%	

We are interested in approximately how much time you feel you spend during an average week on the following activities (the categories are not all mutually exclusive):

NOTE: Responses are means of hours spent in each activity.

23-24. Contact with faculty in lectures or class	12.7	16.8	13.7	.001
25-26. Contact with my advisor individually	2.0	4.0	1.0	.003
27-28. Studying on my own or in IPI (Keller Plan) courses	22.3	18.6	13.7	.001
29-30. Working or studying with others	6.1	7.0	6.6	.35
31-32. Sports and hobbies	8.9	9.2	8.5	.25
33-34. Contact with faculty outside of class	1.7	1.5	3.6	.007
35-36. Earning money	5.7	3.8	18.9	.001
37-38. Recreation	16.4	17.4	13.1	.35
39-40. Sleeping	49.2	49.9	47.7	.35
41-42. Doing projects, experiments	6.8	5.0	6.9	.001
43-44. Taking exams, assessments	2.3	2.4	3.4	.35

	<u>WPI</u>	<u>CCT</u>	<u>SIT</u>	<u>Levels of Significance</u>
How do you feel about each of the following educational goals?				
NOTE: Responses are means. Scale used was: 1 = Not very important; 2 = Important; 3 = Very Important				
HOW IMPORTANT IS IT:				
45. To develop the skills necessary to earn a good living	2.6	2.6	2.5	NS
46. To learn how to make friends and get along with people	2.6	2.6	2.5	.008
47. To learn to think clearly and independently	2.8	2.8	2.8	NS
48. To gain an understanding of the main areas of knowledge	2.5	2.4	2.4	NS
49. To develop strengths of character and personality	2.6	2.5	2.5	NS
50. To develop physical and emotional well-being	2.5	2.5	2.4	NS
51. To develop the desire and capacity for lifelong learning	2.4	2.2	2.4	.001
52. To become an interesting individual person to yourself and others	2.4	2.3	2.3	.029
53. To develop self confidence	2.7	2.6	2.6	NS
54. To learn how to make decisions	2.7	2.6	2.7	NS
HOW IMPORTANT IS IT TO YOU TO DO THE FOLLOWING THINGS IN YOUR LIFE:				
55. To be a financial success and earn a good living	2.4	2.2	2.4	NS
56. To have a happy family life	2.7	2.7	2.7	NS
57. To be of service to others	2.3	2.2	2.2	.03
58. To develop my own interest and personality to the fullest, live in my own way	2.5	2.5	2.5	NS
59. To create or perform works of art	1.6	1.5	1.6	NS
60. To become competent and respected in my work or profession and in my community	2.4	2.3	2.4	NS
61. To change the world around me for the better	2.3	2.1	2.1	.029
HOW IMPORTANT ARE THESE REASONS FOR UNDERTAKING AN OFF-CAMPUS PROJECT TO YOU:				
62. To learn about career possibilities	2.4	2.0	2.0	NS
63. To prepare me to cope with the adult world of work	2.2	1.9	2.0	.001
64. To get a break from the restrictions of school rules and life	1.9	1.7	1.7	NS

	<u>WPI</u>	<u>CCT</u>	<u>SIT</u>	<u>Levels of Significance</u>
65. To be of service to others	1.8	1.9	1.8	NS
66. To get a break from classroom and academic requirements	1.5	1.8	1.7	.003
67. To satisfy academic requirements	1.8	1.8	1.7	NS
68. To do what my friends do	1.1	1.2	1.1	.001
69. To develop personal qualities such as increased confidence, self-reliance, and maturity	2.5	2.3	2.3	.035
70. To be free, live in a new way, do my own thing	1.8	1.9	1.9	NS
71. To learn more about other, different social groups and environments than my own	2.2	2.0	1.9	.001
72. To gain practical knowledge of a subject or field studied in school	2.6	2.3	2.3	.001
73. To have time for my own creative work	2.0	1.9	2.2	.037
DO YOU THINK THAT ANY OF THE FOLLOWING WILL BE PROBLEMS FOR YOU ON AN OFF-CAMPUS WORK JOB OR PROJECT:				
74. Your ability to master the various facets of the job, to the satisfaction of your employer	1.7	1.7	1.6	NS
75. Your ability to get along with your supervisor	1.6	1.6	1.5	NS
76. Your ability to get along with your fellow workers	1.7	1.7	1.7	NS
77. Your ability to stick it out even when the job is boring	1.8	1.8	1.9	NS
78. Your ability to meet your appointments regularly and faithfully	1.7	1.7	1.7	NS
79. How do you feel about undertaking your off-campus project or activity?				
1. Enthusiastic	43.6%	45.0%	47.4%	
2. Indifferent	17.1%	21.1%	16.5%	
3. Confident	17.5%	25.6%	28.4%	NS
4. Apprehensive	15.4%	13.9%	12.6%	
5. Other	6.4%	4.4%	5.1%	

Rate each of the following concepts according to how you personally perceive it or feel toward it. The numbers represent a scale between the word pairs; indicate where you would put yourself on the scale by placing a circle around the appropriate number.

NOTE: Responses are means. Scale used was:
1 = Left side of pair; 9 = Right side of pair

	<u>WPI</u>	<u>CCT</u>	<u>SIT</u>
Respond to each of the following word-pairs as you see			
YOURSELF NOW			
5. Large/small	4.5	4.4	4.4
6. Slow/fast	6.3	6.2	6.5
7. Good/bad	3.1	3.4	2.9
8. Weak/strong	6.4	6.3	6.5
9. Active/passive	3.8	4.1	3.7
10. Ugly/beautiful	5.8	5.8	6.1
11. Light/heavy	4.9	5.0	5.0
12. Dull/sharp	6.7	6.5	6.8
13. Kind/cruel	3.1	3.1	3.0
14. Hard/soft	5.2	5.3	5.5
15. Deliberate/careless	3.5	3.8	3.7
16. Unpleasant/pleasant	6.7	6.5	6.9
17. Mature/immature	3.3	3.2	3.0
18. Hazy/clear	6.5	6.3	6.7
19. Valuable/worthless	3.1	3.3	2.9
YOUR IDEAL SELF			
20. Large/small	3.9	3.9	3.8
21. Slow/fast	6.6	7.4	7.6
22. Good/bad	2.0	2.2	2.1
23. Weak/strong	7.9	7.7	7.8
24. Active/passive	2.2	2.4	2.2
25. Ugly/beautiful	7.3	7.1	7.3
26. Light/heavy	4.5	4.5	4.5
27. Dull/sharp	8.1	7.8	8.0
28. Kind/cruel	2.0	2.0	2.0
29. Hard/soft	5.0	5.1	5.2
30. Deliberate/careless	2.2	2.6	2.5

	<u>WPI</u>	<u>CCT</u>	<u>SIT</u>
31. Unpleasant/pleasant	8.1	8.0	8.0
32. Mature/immature	1.9	1.9	1.9
33. Hazy/clear	8.2	8.0	8.3
34. Valuable/worthless	1.8	2.0	1.7

OTHER STUDENTS

35. Large/small	4.6	4.7	4.7
36. Slow/fast	5.2	5.3	5.3
37. Good/bad	4.8	4.5	4.5
38. Weak/strong	5.1	5.2	5.4
39. Active/passive	5.2	4.8	4.8
40. Ugly/beautiful	5.0	5.1	5.3
41. Light/heavy	5.2	5.2	5.1
42. Dull/sharp	5.0	5.3	5.4
43. Kind/cruel	4.8	4.9	4.6
44. Hard/soft	4.9	4.9	4.9
45. Deliberate/careless	5.4	5.0	4.9
56. Unpleasant/pleasant	5.3	5.7	5.6
57. Mature/immature	5.3	5.1	5.0
58. Hazy/clear	4.9	5.4	5.2
59. Valuable/worthless	4.6	4.2	4.1

- I. How would you solve the following problem: Pretend you were asked to devise a gasoline rationing system for all of the people at this school. What factors would you consider in making your decision? What would your program look like?

WPI Students

- 9 top priority for commuting staff, students
- 7 no discrimination (no favoritism for minorities or the affluent). i.e.. equal amount of gas for all people
- 4 consider each person's need for driving
- 3 consider distance to be traveled
- 2 consider income/occupation
- 2 consider type of car
- 1 lowest priority for resident staff, students with vehicles
- 1 carpools received increased ration
- 1 gas allocated by WPI security
- 1 no coupons use student ID as credit card
- 1 penalize people who own/use cars that get poor mileage

- 1 penalize people who commute more than 20 miles per day
- 1 allow people to sell their gas to others
- 1 raise price of gas
- 1 advertising campaign to urge conservation of gas
- 1 use school vehicles only for necessities
- 1 consider type of driver: waster/conserver of gas
- 1 consider military use/public transportation
- 1 have everyone drive same type of car
- 1 priority for truckers, salesmen, military, etc.
- 1 priority based on necessary travels with option to bend rules if necessary
- 1 people without cars entitled to $\frac{1}{2}$ standard ration--to be given away
- 1 consider severity of fuel shortage
- 1 more bicycles
- 1 rich people with big cars can buy extra gas at heavily taxed prices
- 1 "consider needs for work, split the rest for pleasure"
- 1 stamps given out on priority basis
- 1 second priority = \$5 limit on gas for residential students

II. Pretend someone similar to yourself, but younger, asked your advice about coming to this school. What would you say? Why?

- 6 No: no girls, no social life
- 6 yes: very good school for learning: enjoyable courses, faculty, opportunities in abundance
- 4 suggest that they have a pretty good idea of what they want to go into; have a major in mind; person should be interested in learning, not just in getting a degree--need high motivation
- 2 don't be put off by "Braggarts"/"robot"/strange people here
- 2 must be prepared to emotional depression, high expenses; able to survive with little or no social life, work hard
- 1 don't be put off by seemingly impersonal faculty
- 1 "don't be put off by freshman classes--they are only the basics, the important material will come later
- 1 encourage person if a serious student
- 1 suggest they live at school to take advantage of all it has to offer
- 1 good place to learn about people/work
- 1 must want to come here
- 1 need better than average intelligence, be enthusiastic about projects
- 1 Plan has no problems but provides better than average education
- 1 would explain good/bad parts about WPI/Plan, etc.
- 1 consider small school environment

III. Do you have any other comments you'd like to make?

- 1 WPI students tend to be apathetic
- 1 "Plan is a great thing: the school as a community is great"
- 1 10-week term better
- 1 knowledge gained here is deeply satisfying
- 1 most people at WPI take life too seriously
- 1 some people at WPI are very strange
- 1 poor athletics program
- 1 some notice (praise) of receiving good grades would be nice
- 1 guaranteed housing for black students discriminates against white students

QUESTIONNAIRE FORM C

Responses

The items in this instrument cluster into 16 scales. The scores of each school on each scale are noted below where:

1 = low
9 = high

The key for the items making up each scale is on the questionnaire.

Note: Responses are means.

Variable	NPI	CVT	SH	<u>F</u>	<u>p</u>
Congestiveness	2.3	2.6	2.7	6.5327	8.0001
Diversity	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.0000	8.0001
Normality	2.4	2.3	2.6	19.000	2.0001
Speed	3.1	2.9	2.9	42.000	8.0001
Environment	2.8	2.9	2.8	1.0000	2.0001
Friction	2.3	2.3	2.3	0.0000	.02
Local Direction	2.7	2.6	2.7		NS
Favoritism	2.3	2.2	2.3		NS
Efficiency	2.9	2.8	2.9	6.0000	2.0001
Satisfaction	2.4	2.4	2.3	6.0000	2.0001
Local Institutional	2.2	2.2	2.2		NS
Difficulty	3.2	3.0	3.1		NS
Weather	2.3	2.2	2.3		NS
Democracy	2.3	2.3	2.3		NS
Competitiveness	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.0000	8.0001
	2.3	2.2	2.3		NS

Note: On some variables the variance within institutions was so small that mean differences between institutions of 0.1 were statistically significant.

DIRECTIONS

The purpose of this questionnaire is to find out what your school environment is like. Some questions relate to "a typical class," others to the entire school. There are no right or wrong answers to any of the questions. You are asked to give your honest and frank opinions. Your replies are anonymous.

For each statement, go through the following steps:

1. Read the statement carefully.
2. Think about how well the statement describes your school.
3. Circle one of the numbers across from the statement according to the following instructions:

If you strongly disagree with the statement, circle number 1.

If you disagree with the statement, circle number 2.

If you agree with the statement, circle number 3.

If you strongly agree with the statement, circle number 4.

Please be sure to answer all the questions. Do not leave any of the questions blank.

(1-4) Your School _____

(5) What year are you in at your school?	<u>WPI</u>	<u>CCT</u>	<u>FIT</u>
(1) _____ freshman	30.0%	33.0%	14.6%
(2) _____ sophomore	22.5%	20.1%	14.9%
(3) _____ junior	25.4%	24.4%	15.7%
(4) _____ senior	21.7%	21.5%	14.2%
(5) _____ graduate student)			
(6) _____ other (What? _____)	0.4%	1.0%	40.6%

(6) Are you

(1) _____ male	87.9%	87.6%	89.3%
(2) _____ female	12.1%	12.4%	10.7%

	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly agree
(7) Students here do favors for one another.	1	2	3	4
(8) The books and equipment students need or want are easily available to them.	1	2	3	4
(9) There are long periods during which many classes do nothing.	1	2	3	4
(10) The school has students with many different interest.	1	2	3	4
(11) Certain students work only with their close friends.	1	2	3	4
(12) The students here enjoy their class work.	1	2	3	4
(13) Students who break the rules are penalized.	1	2	3	4
(14) There is constant bickering among class members.	1	2	3	4
(15) The better students' questions are more sympathetically answers than those of the average students.	1	2	3	4
(16) Each class usually knows exactly what it has to get done.	1	2	3	4
(17) Interests vary greatly within classes or groups.	1	2	3	4
(18) A good collection of books or magazines is available for students to use.	1	2	3	4
(19) The work here is difficult.	1	2	3	4
(20) Every student here enjoys the same privileges.	1	2	3	4
(21) Most students want their work to be better than their friends' work.	1	2	3	4
(22) The school has rules to guide its activities.	1	2	3	4
(23) Personal dissatisfaction with the school is too small to be a problem.	1	2	3	4
(24) A student has the chance to get to know most other students in his/her class.	1	2	3	4
(25) Work in class is frequently interrupted when some students have nothing to do.	1	2	3	4
(26) Students cooperate equally with all class members.	1	2	3	4

	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly agree
(27) Many students are dissatisfied with much that the class does.	1	2	3	4
(28) The better students are granted special privileges.	1	2	3	4
(29) The objectives of most classes are not clearly recognized.	1	2	3	4
(30) Only the good students are given special projects.	1	2	3	4
(31) Class decisions tend to be made by all the students.	1	2	3	4
(32) The students would be proud to show the school to a visitor.	1	2	3	4
(33) The pace of most classes is rushed.	1	2	3	4
(34) Some students refuse to mix with other students.	1	2	3	4
(35) Decisions affecting the students tend to be made democratically.	1	2	3	4
(36) Certain students have no respect for other students.	1	2	3	4
(37) Some groups of students work together regardless of what the rest of the class is doing.	1	2	3	4
(38) Members of each class are personal friends.	1	2	3	4
(39) Most classes are well organized.	1	2	3	4
(40) Some students are interested in completely different things than other students.	1	2	3	4
(41) Certain students have more influence on what happens in class than others.	1	2	3	4
(42) The facilities are bright and comfortable.	1	2	3	4
(43) Students in the same class tend to pursue different kinds of problems.	1	2	3	4
(44) There is considerable dissatisfaction with the work the students have to do.	1	2	3	4
(45) Failure of one class would mean little to individual members.	1	2	3	4
(46) Many classes are disorganized.	1	2	3	4

	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly agree
(47) Students compete to see who can do the best work.	1	2	3	4
(48) Certain students impose their wishes on the rest.	1	2	3	4
(49) A few of the class members always try to do better than the others.	1	2	3	4
(50) There are tensions among certain groups of students that tend to interfere with class activities.	1	2	3	4
(51) Classes are well-organized and efficient.	1	2	3	4
(52) Students are constantly challenged.	1	2	3	4
(53) Students feel left out unless they compete with their classmates.	1	2	3	4
(54) Students are asked to follow strict rules.	1	2	3	4
(55) The class is controlled by the actions of a few members who are favored.	1	2	3	4
(56) Students don't care about the future of the school as a whole.	1	2	3	4
(57) Each member of the school has as much influence as any other member.	1	2	3	4
(58) The members look forward to coming to class meetings.	1	2	3	4
(59) The subjects studied require no particular aptitude on the part of the students.	1	2	3	4
(60) Members of most classes don't care what the class does.	1	2	3	4
(61) There are displays around most rooms.	1	2	3	4
(62) All students know each other very well.	1	2	3	4
(63) Classrooms are too crowded.	1	2	3	4
(64) Students are not in close enough contact to develop likes or dislikes for one another.	1	2	3	4
(65) The class is rather informal and few rules are imposed.	1	2	3	4
(66) Students have little idea of what the class is attempting to accomplish.	1	2	3	4

	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly agree
(67) There is a recognized right and wrong way of going about class activities.	1	2	3	4
(68) What a class does is usually determined by all the students.	1	2	3	4
(69) After most classes, the students have a sense of satisfaction.	1	2	3	4
(70) Most students cooperate rather than compete with one another.	1	2	3	4
(71) The objectives of your classes are specific.	1	2	3	4
(72) Students in most classes tend to find the work hard to do.	1	2	3	4
(73) Each student knows the goals of the course.	1	2	3	4
(74) All classroom procedures are well-established.	1	2	3	4
(75) Certain students in most classes are responsible for petty quarrels.	1	2	3	4
(76) Many class members are confused by what goes on in class.	1	2	3	4
(77) Classes are made up of individuals who do not know each other well.	1	2	3	4
(78) Classes divide their efforts among several purposes.	1	2	3	4
(79) Classes have plenty of time to cover the prescribed amount of work.				
(80=1)				
(1-4 = ident)				
(5) Students who have past histories of being discipline problems are discriminated against.	1	2	3	4
(6) Students do not have to hurry to finish their work.	1	2	3	4

	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly agree
(7) Certain groups of friends tend to sit together.	1	2	3	4
(8) There is much competition in our classes.	1	2	3	4
(9) The subject presentation is too elementary for many students.	1	2	3	4
(10) Students are well- satisfied with the work of the class.	1	2	3	4
(11) A few members of the class have much greater influence than the other members.	1	2	3	4
(12) There is a set of rules for the students to follow.	1	2	3	4
(13) Certain students don't like other students.	1	2	3	4
(14) The class realizes exactly how much work it has to do.	1	2	3	4
(15) Students share a common concern for the success of the class.	1	2	3	4
(16) There is little time for day-dreaming.	1	2	3	4
(17) The class is working toward many different goals.	1	2	3	4
(18) The class members feel rushed to finish their work.	1	2	3	4
(19) Certain students are considered uncooperative.	1	2	3	4
(20) Most students sincerely want the class to be a success.	1	2	3	4
(21) There is enough room for both individual and group work.	1	2	3	4
(22) Each student knows most of the other members of his or her classes by their first names.	1	2	3	4
(23) Failure of every member of a class would mean nothing to most members.	1	2	3	4
(24) Most classes have difficulty keeping up with their assigned work.	1	2	3	4
(25) There is a great deal of confusion during most class meetings.	1	2	3	4
(26) Different students vary a great deal regarding which aspect of their classes they are interested in.	1	2	3	4

	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly agree
(27) Each student in a class has a clear idea of the class goals.	1	2	3	4
(28) Most students cooperate equally with other class members.	1	2	3	4
(29) Certain students are favored more than the rest.	1	2	3	4
(30) Students have a great concern for the progress of the class.	1	2	3	4
(31) Certain students stick together in small groups.	1	2	3	4
(32) Most students consider the subject-matter here easy.	1	2	3	4
(33) The course material is covered quickly.	1	2	3	4
(34) There is an undercurrent of feeling among students that tends to pull the classes apart.	1	2	3	4
(35) Many students in the school would have difficulty doing the advanced work of upper classes.	1	2	3	4
(36) Students seldom compete with one another.	1	2	3	4

APPENDIX D

STUDENT INTERVIEW CATEGORIZED RESULTS

1. WPI - September 1973
2. WPI - November 1973
3. WPI - April 1974
4. WPI - November 1974
5. WPI - February 1975
6. CCT - November 1973
7. CCT - October 1974
8. CCT - April 1974
9. CCT - January 1975
10. SIT - March 1975

Interview Results

Worcester Polytechnic Institute - September 1973

How did you hear of WPI?

- 7 friends
- 4 guidance counselor
- 3 director of WPI admissions visited high school
- 3 family
- 2 visit to WPI campus
- 1 teacher
- 1 high school chemistry department

Why did you decide to attend WPI?

- 5 the Plan
- 2 close to home
- 1 good reputation
- 1 financial aid
- 1 Consortium

Did you know about the Plan when applying?

- 16 yes

How important was the Plan in your decision to come here?

- 6 not much difference; would have come anyway
- 3 only reason for attending
- 3 large effect on decision
- 3 would not have come without the Plan

Do you think negotiated admissions is a good idea?

- 6 yes

Describe the Plan; what it means to you.

- 6 free course selection
- 4 no required courses
- 3 student has more freedom to pursue own education; to suit own goals
- 3 IPI or lectures
- 3 short terms
- 1 concentrate on learning things, not on grades
- 1 learn self-motivation
- 1 better relationship with teachers
- 1 able to concentrate on one area
- 1 have more control over studies
- 1 responsibility on student

Which aspects of the Plan benefit you the most?

- 6 independence in selecting courses; educate myself
- 2 no required courses
- 2 practical education included; preparation for life
- 2 IPI
- 2 qualifying projects
- 1 selection of courses available

- 1 extra help from teachers
- 1 follow interests in different areas
- 1 3 courses per term--get more out of each one

Problems?

- 3 how to do project; making contact with people especially
- 1 with Plan: sinking to the average
- 1 seems necessary to spend all time studying
- 1 English history
- 1 electrical engineering a difficult field
- 1 need advising in selecting humanities courses

Outstanding experience thus far?

- 2 adjusting to dorm
- 2 none
- 2 friendly atmosphere--students, professors, etc.
- 1 being at college
- 1 ROTC
- 1 calculus IPI
- 1 placed in higher level course
- 1 working on a computer
- 1 good teachers--willing to go out of their way to help students

Personal effects of living here for four years?

- 4 good education
- 2 enjoy years here
- 1 more competent engineer
- 1 better social experience than living at home
- 1 more outgoing
- 1 become well-rounded
- 1 learn a lot about people
- 1 self-motivation
- 1 practical education
- 1 independence

How do you feel about faculty?

- 4 they're all great
- 3 working hard to make Plan work
- 3 good teachers
- 3 good interaction between students/faculty; they are very helpful
- 2 they make themselves available

What do you think of the advising system?

- 10 helpful
- 3 don't know yet
- 1 not too helpful

What kind of relationship do you want to have with advisor?

- 6 set up own appointments

Should the advising be personal as well as academic?

6 yes
3 no

How will you have to behave here to succeed?

6 serious about work: studies come first
2 careful not to fall behind in work
1 self-motivated
1 normal way I always act
1 interested in learning

Have you done independent work before?

7 yes
4 limited
4 no

Were you supervised by a teacher?

3 helped with problems only
2 closely

How much time are you spending on work?

5 3-4 hours per day
4 5-6 hours per day
1 2 hours per day
1 9 hours per day
1 40-50 hours per week
1 20 hours per week

Outside interests?

2 sports (unspecified)
2 tennis
2 crew
1 reading
1 photography
1 science fiction
1 basketball
1 sailing
1 swimming
1 Outing Club
1 bowling team
1 food
1 cars
1 partying
1 meeting people

Do you have much contact with upperclassmen?

9 limited (fraternity rush, RA, some dorms integrated)
2 yes

Do you feel flooded with information from WPI or do you have enough?

- 7 enough
- 3 felt flooded in beginning of year
- 2 not flooded
- 1 didn't explain everything as well as they should have

What do you think of the grading system?

- 10 good
- 1 competing only against yourself

Do you feel the grading system stimulates as much/more/less than grades?

- 3 not important; don't worry about grades
- 2 more
- 1 helps students get what they want out of the course
- 1 personal achievement

How is your roommate situation?

- 11 good

How is your friend situation?

- 9 good; getting to know dorm people primarily

Experience in high school you hope to continue in college?

- 1 joy of learning
- 1 good relationship with teachers
- 1 being able to graduate
- 1 make good friends

Feelings of upperclassmen about WPI or Plan?

- 8 they like Plan
- 4 they don't like Plan

WPI teachers compared to high school teachers?

- 7 WPI teachers very good
- 4 WPI teachers go through material very fast
- 2 WPI teachers expect more of you
- 1 WPI teachers more outgoing; more qualified

Have you changed/are you going to change this year?

- 3 no
- 3 yes; adjusting to new life; homework done sooner, for example
- 3 yes; gain self-confidence
- 3 yes; become more independent, self-reliant
- 1 yes; become more responsible
- 1 yes; gain decision-making ability

What do you think of the sufficiency requirement?

- 4 started it already
- 3 good; broader knowledge
- 3 haven't thought about it yet

When will you finish it?

- 2 later--junior year
- 2 as soon as possible--sophomore year
- 1 don't know
- 1 junior or senior year

Could you evaluate a teacher/student/yourself at the end of a course?

- | | | |
|---------|---|-------|
| teacher | 9 | yes |
| student | 6 | yes |
| | 3 | no |
| self | 8 | yes |
| | 1 | maybe |

By coming to WPI, the Plan, etc., will you graduate different than if you had gone to another engineering school?

- 12 yes: project work builds confidence; apply theory to practice, more respect for both sides of things; more education; better understanding of self; happier; more responsible; more concerned; Plan helps one to be more competent in a certain area within a field; (2) extra knowledge; (2) more satisfied because planned own education for four years

Should humanities courses be graded the same as other courses?

- 10 yes

Should more courses be added/should there be more freedom in course selection?

- 8 no, plenty offered already
- 3 yes, there should be more variety in humanities offerings

Would you take more than the minimum in humanities courses?

- 5 yes
- 5 no

Interview Results

Worcester Polytechnic Institute - November 1973

How did you hear of WPI?

- 5 father
- 4 catalogues
- 1 alumnus
- 1 took courses here during high school
- 1 campus visit
- 1 admissions people visited high school

Why are you here?

- 3 interview on campus
- 2 campus/people here
- 2 close to home
- 1 Plan
- 1 small school

Are you on the Plan?

- 11 yes

What do you think of the current length of the term?

- 4 7-week term good
- 4 14-week term good
- 2 10-week term good
- 2 8-week term good

To whom would you refer a friend who had problems?

- 4 Dean van Alstyne (academic advising)
- 4 Roy Astley
- 2 work it out among close friends
- 2 residential advisor
- 2 don't know
- 1 Dean Trask
- 1 Amy Schnetter

When you finish here, what do you think people will think you can do?

- 5 competent in major field
- 3 need more education (grad school)
- 2 individual who can solve problems
- 2 not much
- 1 specialized work studied here
- 1 "All I have to do is be a girl"
- 1 general knowledge

Job satisfactions?

- 3 interesting, enjoyable work
- 2 adequate income
- 2 research/theoretical work
- 1 sense of cooperative effort
- 1 generating new knowledge in specialized field
- 1 to become (a woman) registered professional engineer
- 1 nice environment
- 1 congenial co-workers
- 1 own business combining scientific interests
- 1 environmental work
- 1 competent in job
- 1 teaching-medical work
- 1 challenge
- 1 become a good teacher
- 1 position with unlimited potential

Life satisfactions?

- 4 good, satisfying work
- 4 marriage, children, "full life"
- 2 friends
- 2 financial security
- 2 to do something worthwhile/make a contribution/affect people
- 2 become a recognized authority in field
- 1 acceptance by society
- 1 independence
- 1 live in a good environment
- 1 time to be outdoors
- 1 "being able to apply what I've learned"
- 1 active member of the community

Parent read how many/which books, magazines?

- books 6 per month
- 9 per month
- 4-15 per month
- 2 per month

- magazines 6-7 per month
- 3-5 per month
- 1 very few
- 3 many

- 4 Time
- 4 Good Housekeeping
- 4 professional
- 4 Newsweek
- 4 National Geographic
- 4 Readers Digest
- 2 Better Homes & Gardens
- 2 sports
- 2 women's magazines
- 2 US News & World Report

- 1 Fortune
- 1 hobbies
- 1 national politics
- 1 business magazine
- 1 Atlas
- 1 Intellectual Digest
- 1 Ms.
- 1 Science
- 1 East-West Journal
- 1 National Reporter
- 1 Psychology Today
- 1 Yankee
- 1 Field & Stream
- 1 Popular Science
- 1 Consumer Reports

After graduation, what magazines will you subscribe to?

- 3 Time
- 2 Newsweek
- 2 technical
- 1 women's
- 1 civil engineering
- 1 architecture
- 1 QST
- 1 Analog
- 1 If
- 1 science fiction
- 1 Scientific American
- 1 National Observer
- 1 Popular Science
- 1 don't know
- 1 Yankee
- 1 Readers Digest
- 1 Saturday Review
- 1 TV Guide
- 1 WPI Journal

Do you read other than for courses?

- 10 yes
- 1 no
- 3 science fiction
- 2 Time
- 1 fiction
- 1 additional books related to course material
- 1 psychology
- 1 drama
- 1 oceanography
- 1 cars
- 1 mechanics
- 1 Newsweek
- 1 computer
- 1 math
- 1 physics

- 1 war novels
- 1 technical
- 1 history
- 1 The Stranger
- 1 Death at an Early Age
- 1 Buckminster Fuller
- 1 Lord of the Rings

How many extra-curricular activities are you involved in?

- 1 Radio Club
- 1 computer languages
- 1 fraternity
- 1 reading
- 1 bicycling
- 1 parties

Do you read the school newspaper?

- 10 yes
- 1 sometimes

If you had two weeks in which you could only read, what would you read?

- 5 science fiction
- 1 American literature
- 1 romance
- 1 detective
- 1 psychology
- 1 history
- 1 non-fiction
- 1 science philosophy
- 1 Buckminster Fuller
- 1 English semantics
- 1 Tolkien
- 1 astronomy
- 1 anthologies
- 1 technical books
- 1 novels
- 1 classics
- 1 The Exorcist
- 1 I'm OK, You're OK
- 1 Inside the Third Reich
- 1 Rise & Fall of the Third Reich
- 1 Center of the Cyclone
- 1 The Defense Never Rests
- 1 The Last Dangerous Vision

Do you like music?

- 9 yes

What kinds?

6	classical
5	rock
4	all kinds
3	folk
1	opera
1	blues
1	jazz
1	country and western
1	contemporary--easy listening

Do you collect records/tapes?

6	yes
5	no

What are your favorites?

2	classical
1	Beethoven
1	Bach
1	Dvorak
1	von Williams
1	Stravinsky
1	Schubert
1	blues
1	Jethro Tull

How many records do you have; how often do you listen to your favorites?

3	few
1	60-70
1	40-50
1	24
3	often
1	everyday

How are you different from the typical student here?

5	not different
3	rather work than be in school
2	more rounded
1	female
1	commuter
1	not out to find a husband
1	more experienced
1	open-minded about choosing field of study
1	more flexible--humanities or science
1	strong interest in classical music
1	fraternity member
1	do not enjoy studying

Do you receive preferential treatment?

- 7 no
- 5 yes: girls treated better, administration more interested in their welfare (3); keys with access to labs; good recommendations help for graduate school

Are you discriminated against?

- 9 no
- 1 yes

What do you like most about WPI?

- 3 good courses
- 3 own choice of courses
- 2 enjoy being here
- 2 enjoy being away from home
- 1 small school
- 1 project work
- 1 teachers are helpful
- 1 intersession
- 1 ratio of men to women
- 1 population with common scientific interest
- 1 competency of professors
- 1 free to experiment with different fields
- 1 lack of required courses
- 1 good social life
- 1 atmosphere of school

What do you dislike about WPI?

- 4 7-week terms
- 2 Worcester (its location)
- 2 lack of adequate student facilities
- 2 too much work/studying required
- 1 Life Sciences has no facilities
- 1 few teachers
- 1 de-emphasis on athletics
- 1 not enough music courses
- 1 poor social atmosphere
- 1 not enough girls
- 1 "lack of cooperation between parts of the school"

Is your education preparing you for responsibility/leadership?

- 6 no
- 6 yes major field; ROTC
- 1 don't know

Would you like to go on to graduate school?

- 2 not sure
- 1 don't know
- 1 yes
- 1 nuclear engineering
- 1 Ph.D. in computer design
- 1 physics
- 1 extra degree in music
- 1 M.A. in forestry
- 1 medical school

At age 40, what do you hope to be earning?

- 3 not important
- 3 \$20,000
- 2 \$40,000
- 2 \$15-20,000
- 1 don't know
- 1 \$60,000
- 1 adequate

At age 40, how many people do you hope to be supervising?

- 2 don't know
- 2 working together
- 1 group practice
- 1 5 maximum
- 1 5-15
- 1 none
- 1 30

At age 40, what size organization do you hope to be working for?

- 6 small (under 100)
- 2 moderate (up to 500)
- 1 don't know
- 1 state-federal government

How would you go about deciding/building a nuclear reactor in a community?

- 7 check environmental effects
- 5 check reactions of people who live/work nearby
- 3 check with professionals in field, use them as advisors
- 2 check economic/physical feasibility
- 2 check long-term effects on people, environment
- 1 check purpose of nuclear reactor: research or energy?
- 1 check regulations
- 1 need adequate geologic data
- 1 need technical data--AEC reports
- 1 safety factors
- 1 parking

What was the last joke you heard?

6 no response
1 from Playboy
1 bathroom humor
1 "no homework tonight"

Activities in community where you will live?

2 public schools
1 work with children
1 church
1 Boy Scouts
1 Civil Air Patrol
1 community issues
1 sports car activities
1 bicycling
1 amateur radio
1 dog club
1 science fiction society
1 explorer's club
1 Board of Education
1 Chamber of Commerce
1 city government
1 Girl Scouts

How many faculty do you drop in on/how often?

4 most professors
2 1
2 3-4
1 none
1 3
1 4
1 80%
1 10

3 1-2 per month
2 16 times per month
2 often
1 2-3 times per month
1 6 times per month
1 3-4 times per month

How many faculty do you know outside school?

6 none
2 1
1 3
1 2
1 10-12
1 many

How many extracurricular activities are you involved in?

4	fraternity		
3	work		
2	football		
2	scuba diving club		
2	radio club		
2	partying		
2	outing club		
2	faculty/trustee committees		
1	wrestling		
1	work around the house	1	bicycling
1	lacrosse	1	reading
1	skiing	1	computers
1	building a house	1	choir
1	Civil Air Patrol	1	musical instrument
1	folk music club	1	none
1	ROTC	1	fencing club
1	pool	1	Christian Bible Fellowship
1	class activities	1	Boy Scouts
1	dorm activities	1	student government
1	Resident Advisor	1	campus committees
1	financial aid committee		

What is the dating situation like?

4	don't know
3	poor
3	good
1	mediocre

Q. In to battle wounded or VD?

1	battle wounded
1	whoever needed it
1	don't know

Interview Results

Worcester Polytechnic Institute - April 1974

How did you hear of WPI?

- 3 high school guidance counselor
- 2 father
- 2 lived nearby all life
- 1 catalogue
- 1 brother
- 1 cousin on faculty
- 1 friend

Why are you here?

- 2 choice of courses--the Plan
- 1 emphasis on developing competence in major field
- 1 financial aid
- 1 project--apply theory to practice

Are you on the Plan?

- 8 yes
- 2 no

Why?

- 2 most freshmen on it
- 1 WPI propaganda about Plan
- 1 rather concentrate in areas of interest to get better background
- 1 more flexibility in choosing own courses
- 1 pass/fail grades better

(not on Plan: "I like the idea of seeing exactly what I do as far as marks y

Planning Day--what did you expect?

- 3 direct contact with professors
- 2 get gripes off chest
- 2 didn't know what to expect
- 1 exchange with other Plan students
- 1 nothing new
- 1 define more clearly what Plan is
- 1 suggest changes
- 1 hoped for discussion of advising system
- 1 cross-section of students to interact with faculty

What happened?

- 6 good student/faculty interaction
- 1 good discussion of teachers' philosophy of Plan vs. students'
- 1 greater awareness of problems of students
- 1 hope for continued interaction
- 1 van Alstyne especially concerned with implementing positive changes suggested
- 1 discussed advising system but no conclusions drawn
- 1 problems with Plan became obvious--many WPI people not "right kind of person" for Plan

What are the most important goals/objectives of the Plan?

- 4 self-reliance
- 3 how to work with other people
- 3 produce people who are competent in their field
- 2 use theory in practice
- 2 self-confidence
- 2 to develop a creative engineer--more flexible
- 2 ready for new experiences
- 1 problem-solving
- 1 well-rounded education
- 1 independent--self-sufficient people
- 1 own course of study
- 1 no grades
- 1 getting involved with people

Goals of WPI Plan/students' goals being reached?

- 3 hard to say as freshmen
- 2 IPI especially teaches self-confidence
- 1 learn how to attack problems independently and in groups
- 1 really learn material, accomplish something
- 1 should attempt to integrate humanities into sciences better
- 1 not many creative students at WPI
- 1 on the surface, it appears that the structure has changed, but it really hasn't (teachers haven't changed much, lecture system still remains strong, etc.)

WPI's environment stimulated motivation?

yes: if there is a problem it is with the students
professor's attitude helps students enjoy work

What do you think of project requirement?

- 6 good (learn more because you work in a field you're interested in)

How do you feel about projects as a learning experience?

- 3 learn how to apply theory to practice in world outside college
- 2 valuable
- 2 learn to work with other people
- 1 plan your own goals, set your own limits
- 1 learn self-confidence
- 1 learn to be aware of problems, how to solve them

What do you think of the sufficiency requirement?

- 3 good idea
- 2 don't know much about it
- 1 WPI does not have a good enough humanities department
- 1 non-technical courses poor, because they are taught like technical courses
- 1 quality-quantity of courses offered need to be improved
- 1 not enough variation in courses offered
- 1 need to be integrated with technical science courses

Courses on other campuses available?

Problems: they have 14-week terms
mechanics of transportation
only allowed in courses if places not filled by college's
own students

Relationship with advisors?

2 have had difficult time finding one I could be at ease with
2 not helpful
2 spend very little time
2 good relationship with advisor
1 helpful
1 second advisor good

Relationship with faculty/administration?

4 limited contact with faculty
3 friends with some faculty/administration members
2 social and advisory relationship with Dean van Alstyne/Dean Trask
1 no contact with administration

Relationship with other students?

4 good
2 few good, close friends
1 tolerant of different people
1 friendly people
1 age groups stick together due to housing arrangements

Do you get more from WPI if you're in engineering than any other field?

9 yes

Problems?

2 learning to make efficient use of time
2 logistics of scheduling
1 new dorm made exorbitant use of funds
1 as a woman it is hard to get to know people on predominantly male camp
1 depression--miss family
1 at first, not getting total picture of WPI and all it has to offer

Satisfactions?

1 learning about college life
1 developing academically/personally
1 passing courses
1 making friends
1 involvement in fraternity
1 learning to get along with people
1 succeeding in courses
1 working in Washington at new project center
1 taking part in activities outside engineering
1 working on play "The Lion in Winter"

If you could change program, what would you do?

- 3 10-week term
- 3 improve advising system
- 2 change sufficiency requirement--just take humanities courses without requirement
- 1 hire new faculty
- 1 smaller classes--more personal contact with professors
- 1 professors get more involved with the Plan
- 1 limiting courses to 3 per term maximum
- 1 re-institute failing grade instead of No Record

When you finish here, what do you think people will think you're capable of doing?

- 6 competent in major field of study
- 3 don't know
- 1 how to handle myself with people
- 1 intelligent, know how to tackle real problems

How are you different from the typical WPI student?

- 8 not so different from "typical" student (is there a typical student?)
- 1 not as apathetic
- 1 more interested in humanities
- 1 computer engineering secondary to photography as a career

What outside activities are you involved in?

- 3 none
- 3 class committees
- 3 intramural sports
- 2 Boy Scouts
- 1 thinking
- 1 photography
- 1 varsity fencing team
- 1 cheerleading
- 1 fraternity
- 1 newspaper
- 1 student government
- 1 dorm committee
- 1 play
- 1 yearbook
- 1 piano
- 1 glee club
- 1 choir

How well has the Plan worked?

- 6 generally, working well
- 3 worked well for a few people
- 1 not working well yet
- 1 problems with length of them, details of program

Advice to prospective students?

- 2 recommend WPI
- 2 take more math in high school
- 1 need self-direction
- 1 depends on individual student
- 1 know what his capabilities are--ready to put time and energy necessary into much studying
- 1 which courses to take
- 1 which professors to speak to
- 1 check into larger university first--better cross-section of people, more diversified social life

What are your plans when you finish WPI?

- 2 job already lined up with a company
- 2 get a job which requires skills I have developed
- 1 teach
- 1 research and development for Navy

Do you get preferential treatment?

- 3 no

Are you discriminated against?

- 3 no

Life satisfactions?

- 2 help other people
- 1 ability to adequately provide for a family
- 1 respected in field
- 1 marriage--to be loved

Job satisfactions?

- 1 enjoyable work
- 1 challenging work
- 1 adequate salary

Interview Results

Worcester Polytechnic Institute - November 1974

How did you hear of WPI?

- 5 friends
- 3 high school guidance counselor
- 3 WPI admissions person visited high school
- 2 relative (alumni)
- 2 parents
- 2 father (alumni)
- 1 WPI brochures
- 1 football coach
- 1 interview at WPI
- 1 live nearby
- 1 college catalogue

Why did you decide to attend WPI?

- 7 Plan
- 3 good reputation
- 2 close to home
- 1 strictly engineering
- 1 accepted early decision
- 1 rejected from first choice school

What do you think of negotiated admissions?

- 6 against it: "a lot of kids let in who shouldn't"
- 5 good idea: "certain people . . . don't show the ability to do college work in high school or on SAT's"
- 4 good--no admissions deadline; if student is serious about further schooling, if expectations of school are made known to student, put the burden on the student--where it ought to be
- 2 problems with it--possibility of lower quality students
- 1 not a good idea: "seems like they're just trying to get kids in here for their money"
- 1 too little information/feedback on student's chance of success

Did you know about the Plan before you arrived here?

- 6 interview before coming so knew a lot
- 4 different grading system
- 4 new academic program
- 3 limited, only from WPI literature
- 2 visited, friend described details
- 2 very little
- 1 choice of courses
- 1 "trying to make engineers more aware of human needs"

How did you feel the Plan would affect you?

- 5 "it seemed to fit in with the way I like to do things"
- 2 develop self-motivation
- 2 choose own courses
- 1 relieve pressure of grades
- 1 eliminate competition
- 1 "if you can relate to your society, you'll be a better engineer"
- 1 didn't think about it

Biggest problems for students?

- 6 not enough girls
- 3 7-week term too short for some courses
- 2 changeover from traditional education to the Plan, especially when teachers openly opposed to it
- 2 little constructive to do with leisure time
- 1 poor housing situation
- 1 food prices high
- 1 people here--limited, no concept of outside world
- 1 Plan grading system
- 1 poor sports program
- 1 financial aid problems

Faculty/administration problems?

- 2 hard to make changeover from traditional education to Plan
- 2 7-week terms too crammed, pressured
- 2 some professors, especially department heads, impersonal, remote
- 1 some professors work against Plan--bad attitude
- 1 some professors are poor teachers
- 1 faculty/administration overworked
- 1 faculty needs to update course content to meet present world needs

Pass/no record grading system?

- 11 takes some pressure off grades
- 2 "if you understand the material, you pass"
- 2 prefer traditional grading system
- 1 prefer pass/fail
- 1 prefer grades/no record
- 1 "I think its fine. It makes me measure myself by my own criteria rather than somebody else's"
- 1 lack of grades could hurt job/graduate school applications

Pass/no record system effect way you work or what you get out of a course?

- 8 work harder in enjoyable courses, with Distinction possibilities
- 5 no: work hard in all courses want to pass; put as much effort in as I can--grades not important
- 4 system not always successful; encourages some students to settle for Acceptable--without working harder for Distinction
- 2 Acceptable too broad; Distinction too narrow; problem with professors setting different, more or less difficult criteria for Distinction

Faculty/student relationship?

- 12 "some faculty are friends; some I've never gotten to know"
- 10 faculty are generally available; willing to spend a lot of time with students
- 5 good: "faculty try hard to do a good job"
- 3 faculty not as available as they could be
- 3 bad: some faculty remote, poor teachers, difficulty relating to students
- 1 "faculty really care, they're a lot closer than you think"
- 1 can be good if faculty, students go out of their ways

Advising system?

- 11 unhelpful; not well enough informed
- 6 helpful; advice on courses, schedule
- 3 generally available
- 3 often unavailable
- 3 some good, some bad
- 2 helps relationship to see advisor often
- 2 advisors trying hard to have a good relationship with students; often students choose not to respond
- 1 poor communications between advisor and student

Improve advising system?

- 1 improve availability of advisors
- 1 provide better-informed advisors
- 1 provide advisors from student's major department
- 1 students should spend more time with advisors, establish relationship
- 1 advisors on a volunteer basis, who want to do a good job

Course load?

- 12 3 courses good
- 4 2 courses better
- 1 4 courses better
- 1 4 courses easy to handle some terms

Length of term?

- 10 7 weeks good
- 8 10 weeks better
- 3 7 weeks too short
- 3 more flexibility: some courses 7 weeks, others 10 weeks, others 14 weeks
- 2 14 weeks better

Student government effective?

- 11 no; no real power (prefer to go directly to deans, if problems occur)

Cheating a problem?

- 8 not worse than any other school
- 5 yes
- 4 don't know--no contact with it
- 3 no
- 2 yes, especially take-home exams

Marijuana a problem?

- 8 widespread, but not a problem
- 8 no
- 1 yes

Alcohol a problem?

- 5 widespread, but not a problem
- 5 no
- 5 yes

Value of IQP project?

- 15 good; "gets you into a real life situation"; applying theory to practice; learn something not provided in traditional curriculum; "I saw something, learned a lot about people I would never have seen or learned about otherwise--I learned a lot about living"
- 6 learned a lot about government agencies, problems, Washington D.C. project, information gained from it were valuable
- 1 good, individual, non-competitive knowledge for sake of knowledge

Sufficiency requirement?

- 4 good; diversion from technical work; delve into humanities; ties technology to mankind
- 4 did not enjoy it; should be offered but not required; uninteresting--takes up too much time
- 1 encouraged more well-rounded people
- 1 not flexible enough
- 1 currently a waste of time
- 1 improve humanities department--currently gut courses only
- 1 "gained perspectives, insights I would not have gained elsewhere"

Examples:

- 5 English
- 4 music
- 4 history
- 1 philosophy
- 1 French

Competency exam as evaluation of student's work?

- 13 good evaluation: better indication of how well I've done in major field than grades
- 6 usually requires a lot of work
- 6 not a good evaluation--one test for 3½-4 years of study does not seem fair; too much importance placed on it
- 3 better evaluated by professor student has been working with
- 2 not hard
- 2 question validity of oral part: (supposedly tests understanding of logic, jargon) "if you know where to go to find information, that's just as good as knowing it"
- 1 especially hard if you don't work well under pressure
- 1 should include written evaluation from at least one of student's professors
- 1 concentration should be on student's major field
- 1 final evaluation by all student's major professors would be better
- 1 only limited evaluation of certain areas--not all material studied
- 1 better to learn way of thinking rather than memorization of facts

Additional things school should offer:

- 7 more girls
- 6 psychology courses
- 5 better social life
- 2 expand biology department
- 2 architecture
- 2 expand varsity sports program
- 2 logic courses
- 1 entomology
- 1 psychiatric services
- 1 transportation courses
- 1 philosophy
- 1 law
- 1 anthropology
- 1 soils engineering

Gained most from WPI?

- 6 good job
- 6 good education
- 3 knowledge in major field
- 1 "learned to do something"
- 1 self-discipline
- 1 knowledge
- 1 personal maturity, growth
- 1 initiative
- 1 opportunity to become a well-rounded person
- 1 "realized that engineering is only one aspect of solving a problem"
- 1 individual/technological development
- 1 professional ability
- 1 getting to know different people
- 1 to make friends
- 1 flexibility
- 1 the degree

Interview Results

Worcester Polytechnic Institute - February 1975

How did you hear of WPI?

- 7 friends
- 6 relatives (students at WPI)
- 6 catalogues
- 4 high school guidance counselor
- 4 live nearby
- 2 parents
- 1 interview at WPI
- 1 teachers
- 1 football coach
- 1 high school placement office

Why did you come to WPI?

- 11 Plan
- 3 small school
- 2 good reputation
- 2 good computer science department
- 1 near home
- 1 scholarship
- 1 Eastern school
- 1 low tuition

What know about Plan before arriving?

- 6 project work
- 6 very little
- 5 nothing
- 3 no required courses
- 3 7-week terms
- 3 theory behind it
- 2 grading system
- 2 requirements to graduate
- 2 as described in catalogue
- 1 IPI courses
- 1 advisors

Feelings on negotiated admissions?

- 11 not so good--level of standards going down
- 8 good idea--people must work hard
- 7 good idea--another way of admitting people
- 2 sounds good theoretically
- 2 way for WPI to make more money

Biggest problems at school?

- 6 Plan grading system
- 4 lack of social life; no girls, lack of extra-curricular activities
- 3 shallow education: 7-week terms no long enough
- 3 sufficiency eliminated or courses improved
- 1 student apathy
- 1 campus communications
- 1 housing
- 1 hard to get together with advisor
- 1 organizing class schedules
- 1 competency exam
- 1 projects
- 1 Plan hard to evaluate for jobs/graduate school

Course load?

- 21 3 courses good
- 1 4 courses manageable
- 1 3 courses OK to get Acceptable, but 2 better to get Acceptable with Distinction

Length of term?

- 13 7-weeks good
- 4 longer than 7, less than 14
- 3 14 weeks for certain courses
- 2 14 weeks
- 1 10 weeks
- 1 more time/credit for upper level courses

Faculty/student relationships?

- 12 faculty available
- 9 good; open communication
- 8 faculty helpful with student problems
- 4 varies with each professor
- 3 close friendly relations: "get to know a lot of teachers fairly well"

Advising system?

- 10 good, helpful
- 4 teachers no always available; often too busy to spend enough time with students
- 4 faculty not well enough informed
- 4 poor, not helpful, no advice
- 3 not so good: professor-student incompatible
- poor communications between faculty/student
- professor outside major department

Changes in advising system?

- 2 improve advisor/advisee communications
- 2 faculty need more information about courses outside their department
- 1 hire more women professors/advisors
- 1 hire special faculty to work as advisors
- 1 get advisors in major departments only
- 1 see advisors more often
- 1 advise freshmen to start sufficiency immediately

Pass/no record grading system?

- 12 good: put a lot of work into certain courses, less time into others
- 5 prefer traditional grading system
- 4 sometimes; not for everybody--take advantage of "Acceptable" system
not to learn; no pressure to do well
- 1 equally as good as traditional system
- 1 disappointing to get "high Acceptable," missing "Distinction"--
looks same as low "Acceptable"

Pass/no record system affects how hard you work?

- 7 work equally as hard in all courses--motivation is to become competent
- 5 work hard in important courses, less in others
- 5 tempted to let slide Acceptable (with no possibility of Distinction)
courses
- 4 work equally hard in all courses until fifth week, then work only in
courses in which it is possible to get Distinction
- 1 study to learn, less pressure

Faculty-administration problems?

- 6 faculty divided pro-con about 7-week courses
- 2 how to develop, use Plan; adjustment to Plan course load, term length,
etc., IPI format
- 1 faculty: project load
- 1 registration poorly run
- 1 some courses poorly taught
- 1 grading Acceptable/Distinction
- 1 faculty and administration: communication with students
- 1 disagreement over "competency"

Cheating a problem?

- 11 "There are people who cheat. I think its their problem."
- 11 not much
- 4 haven't come in contact with it
- 2 a problem in freshman level courses

Marijuana a problem?

- 19 around but not a problem
- 2 no

Alcohol a problem?

- 7 around but not a problem
- 4 yes
- 2 no

Projects?

- 1 not going well due to poor planning
- 1 good idea
- 1 not working due to school's lack of interest, support
- 1 IQP a joke--do as little work as possible
- 1 IQP good/bad--depends on what you choose to be involved with
- 1 MQP can be valuable--something in your own field you're interested in

Value of projects?

- 15 gain experience by applying theory
- 6 learned a lot of things didn't learn in class
- 2 do interesting work with school's help rather than outside, on my own
- 1 strengthens background in own field
- 1 helps to become more aware of what's going on in field, world . . .

Sufficiency requirement?

- 7 wider range of learning; "good to have background in area other than your own"
- 6 good idea, enjoyable
- 3 waste of time
- 2 shouldn't have to concentrate on one area only; should have variety of humanities courses available
- 1 "cramping humanities courses down your throat is not going to make you a humane engineer"
- 1 too much extra work
- 1 enjoyable--reading books wouldn't otherwise have chance to read
- 1 "important because you can keep human side of studies"

Value of competency exam?

- 9 good form of evaluation
- 7 not necessarily a good idea to place so much emphasis on one exam
- 3 should allow more time for exam
- 3 helps to coordinate everything learned
- 1 oral part is especially good
- 1 oral part is especially difficult

Gained most from WPI?

- 8 experience from project work beyond just theory
- 6 good solid education
- 3 meeting, living with diverse people--becoming more people-oriented
- 3 how to pinpoint, deal with problems
- 2 experience in self-discipline
- 2 knowledge of subjects studied
- 1 "how to cope with frustrations, failures"
- 1 working independently; gained self-confidence
- 1 technical knowledge in area you enjoy; good fundamental engineering background with little bit of specialization in specific field
- 1 good communication, relationships with professors
- 1 small school--I'm not just a number here

Student government?

- 10 students generally uninvolved
- 9 ineffective
- 1 works well

Etcetera.

- 2 more input from students
- 2 improve course scheduling
- 1 expanded life science program
- 1 improve humanities department
- 1 improve hiring of RA's
- 1 improve faculty-administration communication

Additional courses/etc. school should offer?

- 3 more girls
- 3 more social life; recreation center
- 3 psychology courses
- 2 more humanities courses
- 1 business courses
- 1 more history courses
- 1 geophysics courses
- 1 philosophy courses
- 1 athletic program for women

Interview Results

Clarkson College of Technology - November 1973

Where'd you here about Clarkson?

- 10 high school guidance counselor
- 3 friends
- 3 relatives
- 3 interview with Clarkson admissions representative at high school
- 2 father
- 1 cousin who was alumnus
- 1 school wrote student
- 1 college night at high school

Why this school?

- 10 spent time in high school visiting the college
- 4 scholarship aid
- 3 Clarkson's personal interest in potential student
- 1 financial aid
- 1 more choice
- 1 prefer North

What do you think of the advising system?

- 5 fairly good
- 3 good (because small)
- 3 good advisors, not necessarily those assigned
- 3 fair, not involved enough in personal counseling
- 1 not open-minded enough
- 1 advisors not well enough informed
- 1 no experience with it

Ideal length of school term?

- 13 satisfied with way it is
- 5 cannot judge because no alternative exists
- 2 shorter, fewer courses
- 1 longer
- 1 work/study six weeks each

Friends with problem helped by whom?

- 10 special counselors provided by school
- 7 resident advisor
- 5 I would try to help
- 4 friends would try to help
- 3 don't know
- 2 Dr. Pease, psychologist
- 1 minister
- 1 Dean Davis

When you graduate, what do you think other people will think you can do?

- 8 capable of handling what trained for
- 5 capable of performing job of some kind
- 4 know I can think
- 2 learn for myself
- 2 high expectations; not specified
- 2 get things done
- 1 make money
- 1 interact with people
- 1 approach problems logically
- 1 how to use time properly
- 1 break through stereotype job title suggests
- 1 overestimate capabilities
- 1 not enough practical experiences

Job satisfactions?

- 7 work with good people
- 7 good salary
- 6 something I enjoy doing
- 4 challenging work
- 3 choice of fields open
- 3 live in good environment
- 3 responsibility/respect
- 3 personal satisfaction
- 2 solving problems
- 2 creating something beneficial
- 2 society/ecology minded company
- 1 possibility of advancement

Life satisfactions?

- 4 to be happy
- 4 good place to live
- 3 good friends
- 3 live comfortably
- 3 interact with different people
- 3 help other people
- 2 adequate income
- 1 learn more
- 1 travel
- 1 secure job

Number/titles of books/magazines parents read per month?

Books:

- 1 12 per month
- 1 6 per month
- 1 6 per year
- 1 3 per year
- 1 3 novels
- 1 2 mysteries

Magazines:

10	women's magazines
5	Readers Digest
4	business magazines
4	technical journals
3	news magazines
3	National Geographic
2	horse/farm magazine
2	many
2	newspapers
2	Life/Look
2	Changing Times
2	Popular Science
2	Flying
1	none
1	American Heritage
1	Better Homes & Gardens
1	Business Week
1	Wall Street Journal
1	Esquire
1	Sports
1	Photography
1	Variety
1	Psychology Today
1	Realities
1	Saturday Evening Post

What magazines will you subscribe to?

7	Time
7	Newsweek
6	professional/technical magazines
3	sports magazines
2	Playboy
2	psychology magazines
2	no idea
1	National Geographic
1	Popular Photography
1	Fortune
1	trade journals
1	Redbook
1	Readers Digest
1	Popular Science
1	Harper's
1	Health Today
1	Harvard Business Review
1	Operating Eng.
1	related to hobbies

Do you read anything other than course books?

11	novels
7	Newsweek
5	daily newspapers
4	sports magazine
4	Time
3	science fiction
3	Playboy
3	none
2	Sunday paper
2	related to hobbies
1	technical magazine
1	car magazine
1	Esquire
1	psychology magazine
1	Popular Science

Examples of novels: Harrad Experiment, In Cold Blood, Temple of Gold,
When's the War, books by Herman Hesse

Do you read the school newspaper?

18	yes
----	-----

If you had two weeks in which to read only books, what would you read?

7	novels
4	text books
3	science fiction
2	sociology
1	don't know
1	history
1	suspense
1	war
1	Herman Hesse
1	philosophy
1	classics
1	guitar
1	Russian literature
1	technical books
1	hobby
1	<u>War and Peace</u>
1	mystery
1	non-fiction
1	finance

What kind of music do you like?

6	classical
5	rock
3	folk
2	country/western
1	guitar
1	piano
1	organ
1	opera
1	shows

Do you collect records/tapes?

4 rock
2 folk
1 musicals
1 classical
1 no

What are your favorites?

4 Osmond Brothers
3 Loggins/Massina
3 Who
3 Grateful Dead
3 Dooby Brothers
2 rock
2 folk
2 Jethro Tull
1 Crosby, Stills, Nash and Young
1 1812 Overture
1 shows
1 Simon and Garfunkel
1 Chicago

Do you play them often?

9 yes
4 no
1 at home sometimes
1 never

What size collection do you have?

7 small
2 over 50

How are you different from the typical student? (typical = either studies a lot or parties a lot)

7 combine studying and partying
3 not different: normal, studious
2 observe, rather than participate
2 not as competitive for grades
2 enjoy life at Clarkson
2 conservative
1 work as photographer for newspaper
1 don't drink as much beer
1 enjoy outdoor activity
1 reserved
1 being a girl
1 more serious about other people
1 dumber

Do you get preferential treatment here?

8 yes: girls do, through the fraternity, as president of the class,
teachers help if you get good grades
9 no: same as everyone else, not in classes

Are you discriminated against?

- 10 no
- 2 yes: as a girl, athletic department, not a WASP, ROTC

What do you like most about the school?

- 9 good/relaxed atmosphere
- 8 good education
- 7 small size
- 4 good social life
- 3 good location
- 2 "I've done a lot of growing up here"
- 1 always something to do

What do you like the least about the school?

- 7 not enough girls
- 3 unbalanced social life
- 2 walking downtown for a class
- 2 poorly planned social activities
- 2 some of the professors: hard to understand (foreign accents)
do not relate well to classes
do not care about students
- 1 homework
- 1 small town surroundings
- 1 students who don't care much about the school
- 1 not enough money for additional facilities
- 1 narrow-minded people
- 1 little help with emotional problems
- 1 student-town social distance
- 1 no arts courses
- 1 not enough humanities courses
- 1 administrative problems

Is your education adequately preparing you for leadership/responsibility?

- 10 yes: outside activities; ROTC; small size conducive to taking leadership initiative; learn to make decisions, be responsible; job, education, and social life here; classes
- 6 no: learn leadership by yourself, not through curriculum

Are you planning to go on to graduate school?

- 11 don't know
- 2 civil engineering
- 2 chemical engineering
- 1 M.A. in research
- 1 law
- 1 industrial management
- 1 M.B.A.
- 1 M.A. in literature/arts
- 1 accounting
- 1 electrical engineering

At age 40, how much do you want to be earning?

- 4 \$25-35,000
- 3 \$20,000
- 2 \$20-25,000
- 2 enough to support family, little extra
- 1 \$100,000
- 1 \$50-75,000
- 1 \$40-50,000

At age 40, how many people do you want to be supervising?

- 6 few (up to 5)
- 4 5-10
- 3 20
- 2 many
- 2 doesn't matter
- 1 25-50
- 1 12
- 1 none
- 1 100-200

At age 40, what size organization do you want to be working for?

- 6 medium to small
- 5 fairly large
- 5 small
- 3 own company with 5 employees
- 2 very large
- 1 doesn't matter
- 1 teaching

How would you determine the effects of building a nuclear reactor near a school? What would you do? How to go about it? Information needed?

What would you do?

- 8 ask people in community if they want it
- 5 determine if it would be economically beneficial for the area
- 5 make sure there's a need for it
- 4 sell the idea to the town

How to go about it? What information is needed?

- 17 make sure its safe environmentally, etc. for community, river, etc.
- 5 check for radiation effects
- 4 research
- 2 find best location
- 1 advice from engineers
- 1 test it far away
- 1 effect on industries
- 1 construction costs
- 1 how to finance it
- 1 hire good people to build it

Are you planning to become involved in community activities?

6	church
5	Boy Scouts
4	work with kids
3	municipal politics
3	country club
2	Chamber of Commerce
2	Big Brother Program
2	schools
1	photography
1	Little League
1	YMCA
1	social group for arts
1	counseling
1	recreation program
1	volunteer fire department

How many faculty are you comfortable with?

8	2-3
3	4-5
2	5-10
2	1
1	20
1	15-20
1	5-6
1	3-4
1	anyone

How often do you visit the faculty members mentioned above?

2	very often
2	1-2 times a week
2	not often
1	often

How many faculty do you know personally?

6	none
6	1-2
3	2-3
2	4-5
1	5-7

How many extracurricular activities are you involved in?

6	class activities
5	newspaper
5	fraternity
5	AICHe
5	sports
4	senate
4	work
3	none
3	Resident Advisor

- 2 may
- 2 business society
- 1 scouting
- 1 novel club
- 1 auto club
- 1 housing
- 1 AIAA
- 1 SAE
- 1 yearbook
- 1 band
- 1 dorm action council
- 1 student activities committee

What do you think of the dating situation here?

- 9 not good, especially downtown
- 5 good
- 4 girl friend back home
- 1 not much of a problem

Penicillin divided up: VD or battle wounded?

- 17 battle wounded
- 6 choose ones in worse condition
- 4 VD
- 3 no choice

Interview Results

Clarkson College of Technology - October 1974

J

How did you hear of Clarkson?

- 2 friend
- 1 hockey coach
- 1 guidance counselor
- 1 Clarkson literature

Why did you choose Clarkson?

- 3 financial aid
- 2 small university
- 2 athletic program

Biggest student issues?

- 2 male/female ratio
- 1 heavy work load
- 1 administrative lag on action for student
- 1 traditional school conservatism

Where students get best information about school?

- 3 friends
- 1 upperclassmen

How much time spent on studying/courses weekly?

- 1 50 hours
- 1 20-25 hours
- 1 3-4 hours per subject
- 1 minimal/flexible

Grading system?

- 2 mid-terms a waste of time, low grade can be disheartening
- 1 "grades don't bother me"
- 1 "it doesn't give you much initiative"
- 1 often unfair--borderline difference between high C-low B, for example

Work hardest in which courses?

- 1 major courses
- 1 courses I enjoy
- 1 practical (rather than theoretical) courses
- 1 courses calling for logical reasoning

Which courses learning most from?

- 1 electives--social sciences, humanities
- 1 research, field work
- 1 math
- 1 thought-provoking courses with good communication between professors and students (rather than memorization courses)

Courses given enough/too much structure?

- 2 depends on teacher; some more flexible than others with course material
- 1 too much--four years all planned from beginning
- 1 seems rigid--requirements that must be completed but actually flexible as those requirements keep changing

Most helpful way to get feedback?

- 2 tests
- 1 job interviews
- 1 whether or not I understand the concepts

Length of term?

- 2 should have shorter school year; shorter, fewer breaks

Advising system: suggestions/changes?

- 2 need to establish personal relationship with advisor
- 1 advisor should be better informed, especially about course and credit changes

How do you most enjoy learning?

- 2 depends on course--some I prefer independent learning, others better in a classroom situation

To whom would you direct a friend with problems?

- 2 counselors on campus
- 2 myself

Are you taking any other type of courses?

- 2 Keller Plan--math/computer
- 1 directed research

Interview Results

Clarkson College of Technology - April 1974

How did you hear of Clarkson?

- 2 catalogues
- 2 high school guidance counselor
- 1 high school calculus teacher

Why are you here?

- 1 interview, visit to campus
- 1 good courses
- 1 small private college

What are Clarkson's objectives as an educational/technical institution?

- 3 to turn out efficient engineers
- 2 vocational training, rather than broad education
- 2 more emphasis among faculty on research rather than teaching
- 1 depends on department

When you graduate, what will people think you can do?

- 2 competent in major field of study
- 2 "capable of applying principles and figuring things out"
- 1 solid background in principles of field

What is your relationship with your advisor like?

- 2 helpful
- 2 limited relationship; academics only
- 1 hard to get in touch with him
- 1 not much need to see him more than 1-2 per year

What sort of relationship do you have with faculty and/or administrators?

- 2 nonexistent
- 2 faculty helpful with problems if approached
- 1 know a few well

What sort of relationships do you have with other students?

- 2 know people in dorm, especially those on same floor, well
- 1 my class is a close-knit group

What are your plans following graduation?

- 1 no idea beyond wanting to be a civil engineer
- 1 work for an engineering firm over the summer
- 1 graduate school in biochemical engineering; research work

What job satisfactions are you looking for?

- 3 money
- 2 good climate
- 2 challenging work
- 1 good environment
- 1 settle down in one place

How are you different from the typical Clarkson student?

- 2 not different from "typical" student: combining studying/partying
- 1 involved in theater, classical music, etc.

Do you receive preferential treatment?

- 3 no

Are you discriminated against?

- 2 yes, because I am not a woman

Would you advise a student to come here

- 3 yes

Do you have any advice to offer prospective students?

- 2 make them fully aware of "life at Clarkson"

Do you get more from Clarkson because you're an engineering major rather than a major in any other field?

- 3 yes

What has been your most satisfying experience thus far?

- 2 dorm life
- 2 independence
- 1 academics--getting good grades

Problem?

- 3 academic

Interview Results

Clarkson College of Technology - January 1975

How did you hear about Clarkson?

7	friends (alumni)
5	guidance counselor
3	relatives
2	live nearby
2	SCOPES program
2	parents
1	admissions dean
1	student search
1	mailed information

Why Clarkson?

6	financial aid
6	visit to campus
4	small town
3	near home
2	small college
1	new biology department
1	move away from home
1	good chemical engineering department
1	good reputation
1	cold weather

What good about Clarkson helped decision?

3	small town
3	small school
2	good education reputation
2	visit to Clarkson
1	good student body
1	activities offered
1	public relations
1	personal atmosphere

Biggest problems at Clarkson?

	social life
3	especially hard for girls to adjust
2	not enough student communication
2	academic pressure too great; too wrapped up in studies
2	not enough girls
1	adjustment to dorm life
1	hard to apply theory
1	financial
1	lack of variety of courses
1	changes in departments
1	physical plant inadequate
1	lack of equipment
1	administration/faculty don't aid development of clubs

- 1 library facilities inadequate
- 1 housing inadequate
- 1 too male-oriented
- 1 student apathy
- 1 lack of liberal arts college

Faculty-administration problems at Clarkson?

- 5 not enough interaction with students
- 2 financial
- 2 tenure policy; faculty turnover rate
- 1 apathy
- 1 teaching pressures
- 1 disunity among departments
- 1 too much red tape
- 1 some teachers have trouble teaching basics
- 1 housing cramped
- 1 cheating among students
- 1 foreign teachers' presentation/teaching methods

Grading system?

- 9 fair
- 6 prefer ±: more accurate
- 6 prefer letter grades--need pressure to work hard
- 4 humanities pass/fail--to take courses not otherwise taken
- 1 prefer pass/no credit
- 1 take "C" courses over
- 1 final exams count too heavily--homework, outside work should count more
- 1 number system better

Pass/fail system?

- 2 can be used as way out if not doing well in a course
- 1 depends on course
- 1 good idea
- 1 less pressure, better than letters

ABCD vs. pass/fail system: incentive?

- 4 not work as hard for pass/fail
- 4 good to take humanities pass/fail
- 1 no difference

Change grading system?

- 1 no
- 1 Acceptable, Unacceptable, High Acceptable
- 1 grade to include "effort"
- 1 wider range of grades

Additional courses you'd like offered?

- 4 Humanities
- 3 English--better, more, variety
- 2 music
- 2 band
- 2 expand one-semester courses
- 2 psychology
- 1 automechanics
- 1 advanced non-linear circuits
- 1 more free electives
- 1 languages
- 1 control systems engineering
- 1 history
- 1 architectural design
- 1 business
- 1 public speaking
- 1 writing
- 1 anthropology
- 1 sociology
- 1 life saving/first aid
- 1 aeronautical engineering

Faculty/student relationship

- 10 good generally; w with problems
- 6 easy to talk to faculty
- 6 some on personal social level as well as academic
- 6 faculty available
- 2 faculty interested in students
- 1 many faculty knowledgeable, but are not good teachers
- 1 some faculty have excellent rapport; others lacking rapport with student

Course load?

- 6 hard work but not too difficult
- 5 not difficult
- 4 carry heavy (18-20 credits) course loads
- 4 good--work with time to spare for other activities
- 3 a lot of work

Cheating a problem?

- 14 its here but is not a major problem
- 3 no contact with it
- 1 a lot freshman year
- 1 a lot on homework
- 1 yes

Length of term?

- 13 good as it is
- 3 less vacation time
- 2 depends on course: some too short, others too long
- 1 trimester better
- 1 4 terms with 3 courses each better
- 1 longer better

Marijuana a problem?

- 16 widespread but not a problem
- 3 no
- 1 more than half the school smokes regularly
- 1 yes for a minority

Alcohol a problem?

- 15 yes: nothing else to do; "its a pastime, a hobby here"
- 9 most people drink but handle it

Advising system?

- 14 good communication, helpful, concerned
- 4 not good, impersonal
- 1 faculty not available enough

Changes in advising system?

- 1 assign advisors for freshman year only; others by choice
- 1 better ratio of one advisor to fewer students
- 1 faculty better informed
- 1 students required to see advisors several times during the year
- 1 hire departmental advisors in addition to faculty members

Best part of Clarkson education?

- 7 academic, personal involvement with the school: learning to live with people
- 5 high quality education
- 4 being away from home--learning to be independent
- 1 one-to-one relationship with teachers
- 1 problem-solving skills
- 1 small number of students
- 1 good reputation so better chance of getting a job
- 1 usefulness of the practical knowledge learned
- 1 the degree
- 1 business courses

Worst part of Clarkson education?

- 4 no social life
- 4 no extracurricular programs or activities--need recreation center
- 1 humanities not deep or demanding enough
- 1 more girls
- 1 isolated as "engineering school"--need liberal arts students as well
- 1 too expensive
- 1 need more lab application of theory
- 1 "too many people learn for the grade, not for what they're learning"
- 1 work difficult
- 1 general disinterest
- 1 weak in electrical engineering

Gained most from Clarkson?

- 5 good education
- 5 interaction with different people, i.e., "social education"
- 3 personal development: perspective on people, careers, life
- 2 independence from family
- 1 professional integrity, pride
- 1 "what interests me academically"
- 1 technical education leading to a job
- 1 better understanding of business world
- 1 how to work hard
- 1 adjusting to different situations

Additional things school should offer?

- 9 physical education program, facilities
- 9 recreation, activities for students--union, etc.
- 4 women's sports expanded
- 1 more housing
- 1 more girls
- 1 liberal arts college
- 1 music/band
- 1 better humanities department
- 1 football/hockey teams
- 1 not be able to specialize before junior year
- 1 more faculty-administration structure, initiative to do more for students
- 1 more engineering courses

Interview Results

Stevens Institute of Technology - March 13, 1975

How did you learn of Stevens?

- 8 friends
- 5 teacher
- 5 college catalogue books
- 5 guidance counselor
- 4 lived nearby
- 4 Stevens' placement officer visit to high school
- 3 Stevens' literature
- 2 relative (alumnus)
- 1 American consulate advisor (Turkey)

Why did you decide to attend Stevens?

- 11 near home
- 5 scholarship
- 5 good reputation
- 3 financial aid
- 2 school atmosphere
- 2 small school
- 2 good curriculum
- 1 best friend is here
- 1 near New York City
- 1 low tuition
- 1 live on campus
- 1 broad education provided

Biggest problems for students?

- 2 poor social life
- 3 expenses
- 3 crammed for time to fit in all courses
- 3 getting jobs for graduates
- 2 problems with lab courses--some instructors uninterested, poor teachers
- 2 hard work, tough grading system
- 1 poor teachers
- 1 low level of students
- 1 low level of graduate courses
- 1 faculty unable to act on student problems
- 1 little communication on campus
- 1 honor system failing
- 1 advisor unavailable
- 1 conservative school--little student power
- 1 professors don't care about students--offer little help
- 1 poor location: Hoboken
- 1 too much time spent on labs
- 1 little choice of courses
- 1 hard for graduate students as facilities, i.e. geared for undergraduates

Biggest problems for faculty?

- 4 not enough time to spend with students
- 2 lack of financial support for research
- 2 lab instructors often incompetent
- 1 large size of classes
- 1 difficult for teachers to do research/teach well
- 1 some professors are poor teachers
- 1 students not as bright as in past--need more time

Biggest problems for administration?

- 5 budget problems
- 5 communication with faculty, students, each other
- 1 apathy of students
- 1 poor staffing

What do you think of the grading system?

- 12 satisfied with it as is--feel it is representative
- 5 pass/fail for humanities, physical education
- 3 don't care about grades
- 3 less reliance on "curve"; shift to more realistic use of grades
- 2 1-100 number system would be better
- 1 too much emphasis on grades
- 1 good, flexible
- 1 should be more exams--not just one final

Does pass/fail make a difference in how hard you work?

- 7 yes; work less hard--just do enough to pass; don't really learn the material
- 5 no; work the same
- 3 ABCD gives me more motivation
- 2 ABCD gives a better indication of how well I'm doing
- 1 "... without pass/fail, you tend to be more worried about grades than about just learning something"
- 1 unfair systems (ABCD and pass/fail); not representative of amount of effort put in

Changes in grading system?

- 1 make it more flexible--aim for an A or settle for a C

Additional courses?

- 5 more/better humanities
- 3 more computer programming languages; advanced computer
- 2 courses with more practical knowledge
- 2 more required advanced courses
- 2 more inclusive courses (i.e., without duplications across-departments)
- 2 plasma physics at graduate level
- 1 more environmental courses
- 1 more biology courses
- 1 more engineering courses
- 1 architecture
- 1 shop
- 1 more basic chemical engineering
- 1 wider range of courses in major area

Student/faculty relationship?

- 16 professors available, open
- 11 good
- 7 able to get to know professors well
- 3 depends on individual faculty and student--if you want a good relationship, you can find it
- 2 little communication
- 1 impersonal
- 1 poor--due to student apathy
- 1 formal

Advising system?

- 10 helpful, open, available to students, well-informed
- 3 unhelpful, not well enough informed, uninterested, untrained
- 1 should have special advisors--not professors with other duties
- 1 able to develop personal relationships with students
- 1 poor as undergraduate; improved as graduate student
- 1 poorly organized for graduate students

Changes in advising system?

- 2 professors willing to work with, advise students; willing to get involved
- 1 check out qualified people before they're made advisors
- 1 advisors seek out students, set up appointments, etc.

Length of semester?

- 21 good as is
- 3 too short/concentrated
- 1 more time allowed for certain courses
- 1 need a break in middle of year

Course load?

- 14 heavy course load here
- 8 good as is
- 5 too heavy
- 1 four graduate courses heavy

Marijuana a problem here?

- 13 not a problem
- 3 yes--interfered with students' studies
- 1 don't know

Alcohol a problem here?

- 12 not a problem
- 2 yes--adverse effects
- 1 don't know

Best part of Stevens' education?

- 11 excellent broad educational background
- 4 diversified education, especially generalized curriculum during first few years
- 4 good faculty: many devoted teachers
- 4 getting a good job
- 3 good relationship with faculty
- 2 good people here
- 2 access to N.Y., other schools, professionals
- 2 to study in an urban environment
- 2 learn to think analytically
- 1 labs
- 1 good tutors available
- 1 ability to do research as an undergraduate
- 1 reputation for producing good, qualified engineers
- 1 light course load allowed time for other things

Worst part of Steven's education?

- 5 poor social life
- 2 commuter school
- 1 hard academically
- 1 too many required courses
- 1 lack of choice of courses
- 1 lack of practical experience
- 1 tests
- 1 labs
- 1 poor living conditions in town
- 1 people here
- 1 poor teachers
- 1 hard for foreign students to get financial aid
- 1 poor quality of humanities courses
- 1 hard for freshmen to adjust
- 1 unpleasant atmosphere

Gained most from being here?

- 9 solid educational background
- 4 "... enough technical competence to work professionally"
- 4 relationships with other people here; "learned how to deal with a lot of different kinds of people"
- 3 analytical skills/problem-solving
- 2 broad experience
- 2 self-discipline
- 2 good relationships with professors
- 1 how to study
- 1 "the pressure forces you to do your best"
- 1 Stevens' philosophy--diversified education
- 1 learned a lot with guidance of teachers, advisors
- 1 knowledge of fundamental sciences, materials--how to apply them
- 1 "insight into what's going on in the field"
- 1 ability to reason
- 1 "I've learned a lot about engineering, about the curriculum, and about people"
- 1 engineering degree

Do you feel discriminated against here?

- 21 no
- 4 yes
- 3 yes--job opportunities, scholastic help are more available here for women
- 2 yes--graduate students = 2nd class citizens
- 1 yes--"girls have more influence than guys"

Other things school should offer?

- 3 more social activities
- 3 stronger humanities department
- 3 sports/athletic facilities
- 2 weekend activities
- 2 need more women
- 1 practical work in industry--during summer, for credit
- 1 activities for commuters
- 1 additional courses in major fields

Graduate/undergraduate differences?

- 3 undergraduates treated better than graduates
- 3 undergraduates receive more consideration; school concentrates on undergraduate education
- 1 undergraduates have to work harder; more regulations
- 1 Stevens cashes undergraduates' checks but not graduates' checks
- 1 "... expect more from graduates?"
- 1 "professors seem to be more open with graduates"

Do you come to Stevens on weekends?

- 10 rarely
- 9 no
- 4 often

What could Stevens offer to have you stay on weekends?

- 4 social events
- 3 concerts
- 3 sports events/activities
- 1 club activities

Movements in student life?

- 6 more people getting involved
- 3 more activities on campus
- 3 "community spirit"
- 3 sports
- 2 more women
- 2 student center; free activities; create a great campus
- 2 better housing
- 1 cut out some regulations
- 1 more relationships with women's schools
- 1 provide facilities for cooking in dorms
- 1 main problem = commuter school

Honor system?

- 14 effective, well-run by students
- 8 abused, ignored; not all students stick by it
- 1 majority abide by it; some do not

Student government?

- 1 effective; gets things done

Unified degree?

- 15 prefer it to specific degree; not limited to one field
- 5 prefer specific degree
- 1 may be difficult for employers to evaluate

Etcetera

- 1 problem: "administration fosters a resentment on the part of students towards the city of Hoboken"

APPENDIX E

PROJECT EVALUATION QUESTIONNAIRE FINDINGS

1. Sponsor Questionnaire
2. Student Questionnaire